Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXVI.---NO. 155. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,325

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The powers are dividing, as to China; Germany and Great Britain aligned against France and Russia, and both sides seeking adherence of the United States. —— Dr. Hunter McGuire died yesterday at his home near Richmond, Va. —— Americans had twelve men killed, twenty-six wounded and five missing in an engag ment with Filipinos on the 18th inst. —— Large purchases of coal and wood made at Taku and Nagasaki for the United States troops in China. —— The government of Holland has placed a warship at the disposal of President Kruger to convey him from South Africa to Holland. —— Gen. Viljoen, in supreme command of the Boer forces, will endeavor to protract the war. —— Coal merchants in New York and Brooklyn have advanced the price of stove coal. —— Bank at Winnemucca, Nev., robbed of $13,000. —— Senator Jones, of the Democratic committee, says the situation in the East is favorable for the election of Mr. Bryan. —— Miners employed by the Coal Creek Co., of Tennessee, have struck. —— Li Hung Chang, Princes Ching and Sheng have been appointed peace negotiators by Chinese government. —— New York markets: Money on call firmer at 1½@2 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 10¾c; flour firm and held higher; wheat—spot strong, No. 2 red 84½c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 47¾c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 25c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 40@40½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 19.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 62 degrees; 8 P. M., 69 degrees; maximum, 77 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2 32 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light local rain has fallen at Galveston; elsewhere the weather has been fair. Moderate temperatures have prevailed in the eastern districts.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. yesterday, 4.6 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—For North Carolina: Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday fair; fresh east to south winds.

Port Almanac--September 20.

Sun Rises	5.45 A. M.
Sun Sets	6 01 P. M.
Day's Length	12 h. 11 M.
High Water at Southport	5.47 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	8.17 P. M.

Many denizens of New York are wrestling with the pinkeye, attributed largely to the public baths.

A telephone girl in Iowa fell heir to $1,000,000 a short while ago and now nobody halloas "hello" at her. She limits her calls now.

Miss Faith Ripley, of Minneapolis, had faith in her fellow, who lives in Buenos Ayres, and couldn't get away, and went all the way down there to marry him.

Since the surgeons have succeeded in mending broken necks, backs, etc., some of them might try their hand at injecting some rigidity into McKinley's spinal column.

The Prohibitionists in Maine are good stickers; about as good as are the Democrats in Maine and Vermont. Their vote hasn't varied much more than 500 since 1888, when they polled 3,121 votes.

Two Kodak fiends were caught in Galveston taking snap shots at the nude bodies of female victims of the storm, when the discovers took snap shots at them and killed both of them.

The English torpedo boat destroyer Viper can make 43 miles an hour, but they have just completed another one, the Cobra, which has made 43.5 and can make 44. They are propelled by the Parsons' turbine.

There are in Porto Rico 201,071 males of voting age, 120,295 of whom are native born whites and 73,010 colored. There are 7,766 who were born in Spain, but these retain their Spanish citizenship, and will not become voters.

Li Hung Chang is said to have laughed when he heard that Minister Conger lost seventy pounds while penned up in Pekin. This was making light of Conger's getting lighter, but Conger didn't see where the almond-eyed joke came in.

Mr. Atkinson, of Boston, the great anti-Imperialist, says he can't vote for Bryan. Well, with twelve tickets in the field, if Mr. Atkinson can't be suited, the only thing we see he can do is to run himself. May be such a ticket would meet with his approbation.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Capt. J. H. Williams has succeeded Capt. Wilson as master of the steam tug *Navassa*.

— The tug *Protector* with barge *Carrie L. Tyler* in tow, sailed from Charleston yesterday for Wilmington, N. C.

— The Second Ward Bryan and Stevenson Club will meet to-night in the rooms of the Merchants' Association.

— The Raleigh *Post* is authority for the statement that after March 4th. next, Marion Butler will move his family to Raleigh and will practice law there.

— An important meeting of the Tileston Athletic Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlors this evening at 8:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

— The tramp steamship *Teresa* is expected to arrive this morning from Norfolk for a cargo of cotton from the Wilmington Compress, by Capt. J. H. Sloan.

— The electrical wire workers of Wilmington are contemplating the formation of a union for mutual benefit. A representative from a similar union in Atlanta is here working up the organization.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: "Mrs. F. M. Simmons continues to improve. Though the danger point is now past it will be several days before she has sufficiently recovered to be moved from the hospital."

— Mr. Henry K. Elmore, the flagman who had his foot so badly mashed at Clarkton Monday, and brought here Tuesday, was able to be carried to his home at Mt. Olive yesterday. His parents accompanied him.

— Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, chairman of the committee of the State Press Association to look after the establishment of a paper mill in North Carolina, has secured subscription to another block of stock amounting to $5,000. It came from a gentleman in Raleigh who asks that his name be withheld.

— Judge Augustus Moore continues very ill at his home in Greenville, N. C. He has held no court since the session here several months ago. Mecklenburg's Criminal Court, which was to have convened next week, has been postponed on account of Judge Moore's sickness.

— One of the new patent sheet iron boxes now used as receptacles for trash in most of the larger cities was yesterday placed in front of the office entrance to the Smith building. It is very convenient and far from unsightly as was claimed by some when the question of their adoption by the city was argued some time ago.

— Goldsboro *Argus, 18th*: "Mr. H. M. Emerson, of the Atlantic Coast Line, arrived in the city to-day from Wilmington. He is here to attend court in the case of R. E. Pipkin against the W. & W. R. R., in which the loss of several car loads of watermelons is alleged by Mr. Pipkin. The case will come up to morrow."

— Members of Wilmington's military companies will be interested in the announcement that Col. Armfield, commanding the First North Carolina regiment, has written the Adjutant General that the encampment at Asheville has been abandoned. Lateness of the season is assigned as the reason of the abandoment.

— The town council of Washington, N. C., has adopted resolutions of thanks to the Atlantic Coast Line for tenders of assistance in the way of transportation, etc., upon the occasion of the severe conflagration by fire in that town last week; also to the fire companies of the towns of Tarboro, Greenville, Rocky Mount, and Wilson, for aid and proffers of assistance during the fire.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sneed Co.—Rocking chairs.
Wanted—Dry goods salesman.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Nugatines.
Geo. R. French & Sons—School shoes
Murchison National Bank—Report.

Popular Course Entertainments.

Persons desiring course tickets to the Y. M. C. A. Popular Entertainment Course this winter, would better hand in their names at once as tickets will be limited this year and already a large list of names has been given in. There will be only one course this Winter. It will consist of five splendid attractions. The price for the entire course is $1.00, payable October 15th.

Will be Rented at Auction

The stalls and stores of the city will be rented at public auction today, commencing at Fifth Ward market house at 11 o'clock, A. M., reaching Fourth street market house about 11:45 o'clock, and Front street market house 12:35 P. M. Stalls will be rented upon the cash premium plan.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

— Mr. Jno. W. Reilly, Jr., who was severely injured by falling from an electric light pole Monday, was resting well yesterday and will be up again in a short time.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper. †

A SPLENDID WEDDING

Runge-Glameyer Nuptials Celebrated at 5.50 O'clock Yesterday Afternoon.

ST. PAUL'S LUTHERAN CHURCH

There Were Many Attendants and the Ceremony Was Witnessed by Large Crowd—The Decorations Were Beautiful -- Bridal Tour.

St. Paul's Lutheran church was the scene of a brilliant wedding yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock when Miss Minnie Augusta Glameyer, daughter of Mrs. Beta Glameyer, became the lovely bride of Mr. John Theodore Runge. The large gathering in the church was an evidence of the extreme popularity of the contracting parties.

The effect of the decorations was beautiful. They were in green and pink and were tastily arranged under the direction of Mr. Will Rehder. The decorations were of crotons, Boston ferns, palms and pink satin ribbon. The costumes of the bridal party were of white and pink, which, blended with the decorations, added much to the attractiveness of the occasion.

To the strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, beautifully rendered by Miss Cannie Chasten, the bridal party entered the church and passed up the center aisle. Miss Kate Runge, second maid of honor and a sister of the groom, came in first. She wore a handsome gown of pink organdie and carried white carnations. Mrs. J. H. Rehder, who wore an exquisite white organdie gown, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations, followed. Mr. Will Rehder and Mr. G. Henry Haar, ushers, were the next to pass up the aisle and they were followed by Miss Lena Haar and Miss Emma Hutaff, bridesmaids, who were attractive in gowns of pink organdie and carried white carnations. The other two ushers, Dr. J. N. Johnson and Gus Schuster, came next. Miss Annie Adrian with Miss Gertrude Wessell, bridesmaids, marched in next. They also were handsomely attired in pink organdie, with bouquets of carnations, and then followed Mr. J. H. Rehder and Mr. Newton E. Gillican, groomsmen. The maid of honor, Miss Molly Hughes, of Washington, D. C., was beautifully dressed in white organdie and preceded the bride, who was lovely attired in a white satin gown, with a heavy bride's veil, trimmed in orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of brides' roses and lilies of the valley. She marched to the altar leaning on the arm of her uncle, Mr. Ludwig Hansen, and they were met at the chaucel by the groom and his best man, Mr. Ed Ahrens, who entered the church from the east side. In a very impressive manner Rev. A. G. Voigt, pastor, conducted the ceremony according to the form of the Lutheran church. The party retired from the church to Mendelssohn's wedding march.

The bride and groom, after repairing to the residence of Mrs. Glameyer, 610 Chesnut street, were accompanied by a large number of relatives and friends to the A. C. L. station, from whence they departed on their bridal tour at 7 o'clock P. M. They will visit New York, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Lake Champlain, Lake George and will return to New York on the Hudson river.

The bride is a popular young lady and numbers her friends by the score. Mr. Runge is one of the Associated Press' most valued operators. They will return from their trip about Oct. 1st and will be at home at 610 Chesnut street to their friends on Tuesday and Thursday evenings. An elaborate reception will be given at the Masonic Temple Wednesday, Oct. 3rd, in honor of the return from their trip of Mr. and Mrs. Runge.

The groom's present to the bride was a magnificent diamond brooch.

The bridal party and the relatives and a few intimate friends were entertained at a beautiful dance last night and the evening's festivities were concluded with a banquet of six courses at Warren's Cafe.

U. S. BUOY TENDER WISTARIA

Arrived in Port Yesterday—Made Slight Changes in Buoys Off the Bar.

The United States buoy tender *Wistaria* arrived in port yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock and is tied up at Sprunt's wharf awaiting orders from the government relative to the removal of the two buoys marking Frying Pan slue, protest against which was recently made by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce upon the grounds that instead of the demarcations being unnecessary they should be made larger and more prominent from the fact that they are of great assistance to the lighter draft vessels passing up and down the coast. The *Wistaria* will likely proceed to day.

While in these waters yesterday she made some slight changes in buoys at the mouth of the Cape Fear river, notice of which, from Commander Rodgers of the Inspection Board was published in yesterday's STAR.

Capt. F. B. Rice, U. S. steamboat inspector, came in on the vessel from a trip of inspection to the lightship off the bar.

Hibernian Benevolent Society.

The Hibernian Benevolent Society has donated $25 to the fund for the relief of the suffering in and around Galveston. This amount was sent Tuesday by express to the Mayor of Galveston by the secretary, Mr. Wm. Flanagan.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Col. Walker Taylor left last night for Washington.

— Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Worth left last night for New York.

— Mr. W. A. Strauss, of Warsaw, arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. J. F. Mercer, of Bolivia, N. C., was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Mrs. M. L. Stover and child returned home last evening from Mount Airy.

— Miss Jeanie Sinclair left yesterday for a visit to friends at Weldon and Richmond.

— Mrs. W. A. Sanders and children have returned from a visit to relatives at Beaufort.

— Capt. Jas. I. Metts and family have moved up from their Summer home on Greenville Sound.

— Mr. Ira Lennon and Mr. A. F. Toon, of Whiteville, were among the visitors to the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. M. Brand, of the A. C. L., returned yesterday from his vacation which was spent at his home in Sumter, S. C.

— Miss Jennie Hardin and Misses Lucy, Margaret and Bessie Bridgers left yesterday for Raleigh to attend St. Mary's School.

— Mr. Hugh B. Blackwell returned to the University of Virginia last night. He will be a candidate for the degree of "Doctor of Medicine" next June.

— The STAR enjoyed very much a visit yesterday from Mr. Edmund McQueen, a former citizen of Robeson county, but now engaged in business at Queensdale, S. C.

— Mr. J. E. Johnson, formerly A. C. L. station agent and Western Union telegraph operator at Warsaw, arrived yesterday to take a position in the Western Union office here.

— Durham *Herald*, 19th: "Rev. J. N. Cole, of Wilmington, was a passenger on the westbound train yesterday afternoon. He was on his way to Mecklenburg county where he will spend several days.

SIXTY-FIRST REGIMENT, C. S. A.

Interesting Sketch Written by Capt. N. A. Ramsey, of Durham, N. C.

On the third page of the STAR this morning may be found an interesting sketch of the Sixty-first regiment N. C. Troops, C. S. A., written in an accurate and pleasing style by Capt. N. A. Ramsey, of Durham, who commanded Company D, of the regiment during the war. The regiment, of which Capt. Ramsey's paper treats, was organized in Wilmington and a major portion of the field and staff officers were from this city. Companies comprising the regiment were for the most part made up of men from Sampson, Beaufort, Craven, Chatham, Lenoir, Wilson, New Hanover, Martin, Ashe, Onslow and Jones counties.

Included in the sketch is a clipping of an article from the Wilmington *Journal*, telling of the bombardment of Battery Wagner, near Charleston, and the conspicuous and courageous conduct of Robert Winship Stedman, a brother of ex-Lieutenant Governor Chas. M. Stedman and Sheriff-elect Frank H. Stedman of this city.

There are other features of the sketch which make it of much local interest. Copies of the paper containing the article may be purchased at this office.

HATTERAS INLET LIGHT STATION.

OFFICE OF LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.

Notice is hereby given that, on or about October 8th, 1900, the interval between flashes of the light at this station will be changed from thirty to twenty seconds. The characteristic of the light will then be flashing red every twenty seconds.

The station is on the northwesterly end of Oliver reef, southerly side of Pamlico sound and about four miles from the seaward entrance to Hatteras Inlet.

This notice affects the "List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1900," page 132, No. 683, and the "List of Beacons and Buoys, Fifth Light-House District, 1900," pages 112 and 125.

By order of the Light-House Board.
FRANCIS J. HIGGINSON,
Rear Admiral, U. S. Navy, Chairman.

Reunion at Wallace.

At Wallace to-day there will be a reunion of Company B, First Battalion, C. S. A., and also a basket picnic given by the ladies of the community complimentary to the old soldiers. Company E of the Thirtieth N. C. Troops, C. S. A., has been invited to join with Company B in the reunion, and an enjoyable event is in store for the gallant soldiers who fought for the lost cause in these two divisions of the army.

Two Schooners Arrived.

The schooner *Massachusetts* from Promised Land, L. I., and the schooner *Charles C. Lister* from Lewes, Del., arrived yesterday with fish scrap for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company. The first named, after discharging, will be loaded with piling by Messrs. W. H. Robbins & Bro., and the last named with cross ties by Messrs. Brown & Co.

Death of a Little Boy.

Henry Garnet Taylor, the one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Taylor, died yesterday evening at 7 o'clock at the residence of his parents, on Queen street between Seventh and Eighth. The funeral will be conducted to-day at 2 o'clock from the residence and the interment will be in the family burying ground on Myrtle Grove Sound.

MERCER & EVANS CO.

New Wilmington Concern Will Apply for Incorporation Papers To-day.

A BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Will Be Conducted on Princess Street Beginning About October 15th--Will Occupy Two Buildings and Carry An Up-to-Date Stock.

Application will be made to-day through Messrs. Bryan & McNeill, attorneys, for incorporation papers for the "Mercer & Evans Company," which will succeed the well known wholesale and retail shoe firm of Messrs. Mercer & Evans, No. 115 Princess street. The capital stock of the new company is $14,000, divided into 280 shares of the par value of $50 each. The privilege to increase to an amount as deemed best by the stockholders is reserved in the application for incorporation. The period of duration asked for is 30 years and the stockholders are J. B. Mercer, M. L. Mercer and S. S. Drew, all of this city.

The incorporation of the new company means that Wilmington is soon to have a new and up-to-date department store, conducted strictly on business principles and upon a cash basis, thereby ensuring to patrons all the advantages accruing from a clean business, with no profit and loss account. On October 1st the store adjoining the present location of Messrs. Mercer & Evans and occupied by Mr. W. V. Hardin will come into possession of the Mercer & Evans Company and both stores will be thrown into one. Contractors will then be put to work and the three floors of both buildings will be thoroughly remodelled and put in excellent form for the needs of such a business as the new company proposes to conduct. With all the alterations and extensions the proprietors of the store will then have upwards of 6,000 feet of floor space, every available inch of which, Mr. Mercer, the senior member of the firm, says, will be filled with the newest and most up-to-date line of dry goods and notions he can purchase in the Northern markets for which he will leave next week.

The formation of the new company and the launching out into the department store world does not mean an abandonment of the shoe business, for which the firm of Mercer & Evans has long been famous. Mr. Mercer says he will add new features to his shoe line and make it more up-to-date, eliminating all but standard and guaranteed manufactures. The new company retains the agency for the Douglas shoes for men and boys and the Dutenhofer's for ladies and misses. All shoes in the present stock, except the lines that will be retained, are now being sold at a sacrifice—many of them at and below cost—to make room for the new goods.

Work on remodelling the present store occupied by the firm has been commenced on the second and third floors, and on October 1st work on the adjoining store will be begun and pushed as rapidly as possible.

The Mercer & Evans Company hope to have their new business in full blast by October 15th. Additional clerical force has already been secured and the STAR predicts a successful business for the new concern from the very outset.

STATE CONVENTION OF DEMOCRATIC CLUBS

To Meet Next Wednesday in Raleigh—A Large Attendance Expected—Prominent Speakers Will Be There.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 19.—The State Convention of Democratic Clubs will meet here next Wednesday and a large attendance of delegates and prominent Democrats is expected. To-day Senator Daniel, of Virginia, and Governor Stone, of Missouri, were invited to be present and deliver speeches. It is believed that they will accept. Other speakers will be Hon. Lee S. Overman and Hon. Dan Hugh McLean, electors at large.

News was received here to day that the torpedo boat Bagley, named in honor of Worth Bagley, the first officer killed in the Spanish-American war, will be launched at Bath, Maine, on September 25th. It will be christened by Mrs. Josephus Daniels, oldest sister of Ensign Bagley.

Chairman Simmons left this evening for Chatham county, to be present at the trial of the judges of election in Williams township, who are charged with violation of the election law. These judges were recently bound over by a fusion justice of the peace and a bill of indictment has been found against them, charging that they did not properly label the boxes and failed to perform their duties with relation to depositing ballots in boxes.

Little Girl Dead.

The STAR regrets to announce the death of Julia Carolyn Strauss, the seven-months old daughter of Mr. W. A. Strauss, which occurred at 1.30 o'clock yesterday at the residence of her grandfather, Mr. T. A. Watson, about two miles from the city. The funeral will be held this morning at 9.30 o'clock from Mr. Watson's residence and the remains will be laid to rest at 11 o'clock in Oakdale cemetery.

October 4th the Willard Infirmary of Osteopathy will move from No. 418 Grace street to No. 515 Princess street, between Fifth and Sixth. †

Cleared $250 Dollars.

The ladies succeeded yesterday morning in disposing of the greater portion of the cream and cake which had been left over from the reception the night before and the already large sum for the Galveston sufferers was swelled still more. It was estimated yesterday afternoon that the entertainment netted about $250. To Mr. H. K. Holden, who was one of the instigators of the movement and worked so valiantly towards making it a success, and to Mrs. J. D. Smith, lady manager who prepared the programme, is due much credit for the success of the entertainment.

Annual Inspection.

The annual inspection of the Wilmington Light Infantry and the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves will be held by Col. F. P. Hobgood, Jr., of Oxford, Inspector General of the North Carolina State Guard, next Monday night, Sept. 24th. The W. L. I. will be inspected at 8.15 o'clock, P. M. and the Naval Reserves a little later. All members of both companies are urged to be present in order to make a good showing on that occasion.

Marriage Licenses.

Two marriage licenses were issued by the Register of Deeds yesterday. One to Mr. Andrew Sains and Miss Mary Bell Newton of Delgado Mills, and the other to Regnvald A. Knudsen and Hanna Haug, both of Norway.

DIED.

STRAUSS—At the home of her grandfather, Mr. P. A. Watson, two miles from the city, at 1.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, JULIA CAROLYN STRAUSS, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Strauss, aged 7 months and 6 days.

Funeral this (Thursday) morning at 9.30 o'clock from Mr. Watson's residence. Interment at Oakdale.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

STORE now occupied by W. H. Gaylord, opposite New Market, and Store on Water, next to corner Red Cross St.
sep 16 1m Apply to ANDREW SMITH.

Honey Nugantines 25c lb.
Bon Ton Kisses " "
Purity Kisses and Golden Nugets . . 20c lb.

The above are all fresh—received every week, and the

Finest Chewing Candy on earth.

J. W. Plummer, Jr.
sep 20 tf

TORNADO INSURANCE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET

TORNADO INSURANCE,

BY APPLYING TO

FRANK H. STEDMAN,
INSURANCE AGENT.
sep 19 tf

Press Boy Wanted.

Wanted, a boy who has had experience in running Job Presses.

Apply at the

STAR OFFICE.
sep 19 3t

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE MURCHISON National Bank of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, September 5th, 1900.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$304,570 28
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	243 85
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	151,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits	44,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	100 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	6,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc.	1,045 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	750 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	55,119 68
Due from State Banks and Bankers	49,741 18
Due from approved reserve agents	46,664 09
Internal-Revenue Stamps	369 00
Notes of other National Banks	10,000 00
Fractional paper, currency, nickels, and cents	314 66
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: Specie $7,500 00	
Legal tender notes 30,000 00	$37,500 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas'r (5 per cent. of circulation)	7,550 00
Total	$804,967 74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$300,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	28,995 45
National Bank notes outstanding	131,000 00
Due to other National Banks	128,937 73
Due to State Banks and Bankers	39,388 55
Individual deposits subject to check	208 423 06
Cashier's checks outstanding	6,782 95
United States deposits	41,500 00
Total	$804,967 74

State of North Carolina, county of New Hanover, ss.:

I, J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of September, 1900.

DAVID C. CLARK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
H. C. McQUEEN,
R. W. WALLACE,
J. C. STEVENSON.
Directors.
sep 20 1t

- - - NOTICE. - - -

I wish to inform my friends and the public that on or about the 1st of October, 1900, I will be located on the wharf at Nos. 220 and 222 North Water street, where I will offer for sale a full line of GROCERIES at wholesale, and invite their inspection.

Very respectfully,

JOS. H. WATTERS.
sep 6 2 w th sa tu W 4t

Good Shoes for School

Girls and Boys are hard to find, unless you come to FRENCH'S, where we make it a specialty to have the very best made that can be produced from leather.

Our prices are the lowest for the best goods.

A trial will convince you that we are a friend to your pocket-book. Come and see us.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.
sep 20 tf

WANTED.

Dry Goods Salesman. Must understand the Dry Goods business. Apply in writing to

BOX 165,
Wilmington, N. C.
sep 20 tf

Rocking Chairs.

For a short time, your choice of Mahogany, Oak and Rattan Rockers,

PRICE ONLY **$2.10** WORTH $3.50

Three Floors of all kinds Furniture, with prices below all competition.

THE SNEED COMPANY,
Second and Market Streets.
sep 20 tf

MILL MEN WANTED.

WANTED, NON-UNION MILL MEN. ONLY FIRST CLASS NEED APPLY. WAGES FIRST CLASS. APPLY TO OR ADDRESS, BAYLOR & CAKE, NORFOLK, VA.
sep 18 1w

You Don't Know what you have missed

By not trying one of Warren's 25c or 50c Pound Cakes. ALWAYS FRESH.

WARREN'S
Steam Bakery and Cafe,
11 tf No. 22 North Front street.

TEXAS R. P. OATS.

2000 Bushels R. P. Oats.
850 Bushels Mixed Oats.
125 Bushels Seed Rye.
100 C's Jersey Baking Powder.
100 C's Good Luck Powder.
750 Bales No. 1 Hay.
875 Bushels Corn.
110 Pic Nic Cheese.
100 Barrels New River Mullets.
75 Barrels Fla. Headless Mullets---en route.
280 Bags Shot.
200 Packages W. P. Caps.
500 Empty Fish Kegs.

W. B. COOPER,
WHOLESALE GROCER
sep 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

For Rent.

Stores,
Dwellings,
and Offices.

APPLY TO

D. O'CONNOR,
sep 2 tf Real Estate Agent.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN, DISTRIBUTORS.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, HAY, TOBACCOS.

Exclusive selling agents for POWELL SMITH & CO

------CIGARS------

CUBAN BLOSSOMS, RENOWNS, SMOKETTES, TOPICAL TWISTS.

These goods are unsurpassed, and for quality are unexcelled. One trial will suffice.
sep 9 tf

SALT.

CARGO JUST ARRIVED,

Orders will receive prompt attention.

FINE NORTH CAROLINA RUST PROOF OATS.
BAGGING AND TIES.
LIME, CEMENT.
HEAVY GROCERIES.

Lowest Prices.

THE WORTH CO.
sep 19 tf

Another Large lot of Douglas For Men and Boys.

AGENCY.

Also, a nice lot of Duttenhofers for Ladies and Misses just in. Business is beginning to rush on these already.

School Shoes

for all sizes and classes of school children in plenty.

On account of a contemplated change soon in our business, we are running off all Summer Goods and Broken Lots at prices that will

Tickle a "Bargain Hunter" all over.

Now is your time! "Get in the Push!!"

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,
sep 9 tf 115 Princess street.

Fruit Jars, Fruit Jars.

Let Us Have Your Orders.

are out of Half Gallon Jars, but will rnish you with

Mason's Quart Jars At Reduced Prices.

We extend an invitation to call and inspect our Fall line of

Dinner and Tea Sets, Chamber Sets, Lamps, &c.,

In all grades and quality of ware.

We carry the best Lead Flint Lamp Chimneys made. TRY THEM.

O. P. Cazaux & Co.
au 28 tf

FOR SALE. . . . .

A LARGE DESIRABLE PLACE ON FOURTH ST.

W. M. CUMMING,
Real Estate Agent & Notary.

FOR RENT. . . . .

House corner Third and Church	$30.00
" Front near Walnut	$22.50
" Eighth near Market	$22.50
" Second near Orange	$20.00
" Fifth near Nun	$16.66
" Second near Nun	$20.00
Store on Market street	$37.50
" Front	$30.00

W. M. CUMMING,
sep 4 tf Real Estate Agent & Notary.

MULLETS! MULLETS!

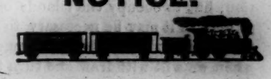
30 bbls. Mullets,
just received—nice stock.

200 boxes Smoked Herring.
5,000 bus. Red Rust Proof Oats (Texas.)
1 car-load Baskets.
150 bags Grits---fresh.
1,000 bbls. Flour.

We ask the Grocers of the Carolinas to get our prices.

D. L. GORE CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
sep 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.



Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Company.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 4th, 1900.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 4th day of October, A. D., 1900, at 1 o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. SHARP,
Secretary.
sep 5 1m

1900 SEPTEMBER 1900

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MOON'S PHASES.

First Quarter	2	2:56 a. m.	Third Quarter	15	3:37 p. m.
Full Moon	9	0:06 a. m.	New Moon	23	2:57 p. m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President:

WILLIAM J. BRYAN, of Nebraska.

For Vice-President:

ADLAI E. STEVENSON, of Illinois.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

LEE S. OVERMAN, of Rowan.
DAN HUGH McLEAN, of Harnett.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

First District:
CHAS. L. ABERNATHY, of Carteret.
Second District:
T. C. WOOTEN, of Lenoir.
Third District:
HENRY L. COOK, of Cumberland.
Fourth District:
B. C. BECKWITH, of Wake.
Fifth District:
WM. A. GUTHRIE, of Durham.
Sixth District:
W. C. DOWD, of Mecklenburg.
Seventh District:
J. R. BLAIR, of Montgomery.
Eighth District:
WM. S. PEARSON, of Burke.
Ninth District:
JNO. M. CAMPBELL, of Buncombe.

For Congress, Sixth District:

JOHN D. BELLAMY, of New Hanover.

HOW THEY BLUNDERED IN THE PHILIPPINES

Mr. McKinley and they who support his imperialistic policy declare that in accepting the sovereignty of the Philippines we assumed obligations and one of these obligations is to keep pegging away at the Filipinos until they recognize that sovereignty, lay down their arms and pay their respects to the flag of the United States. They further say as a justification for continuing the war that the "insurrection" is practically confined to the Tagalos and to a comparatively small number of these, and to the island of Luzon, although we have soldiers in all of the principal islands and there has been more or less fighting on all of them.

Just about this time, as the election draws on, it will be considered expedient to report progress in the way of pacification and we will doubtless be told officially that the war is again at an end, and that all this racket the anti-expansionists have been making was for nothing and showed what poor prophets they were when they said we never could reduce the Philippines to submission and establish supremacy over them. They have called the anti-expansionists "Aguinaldo sympathizers," "traitors," &c., for asserting that this thing cannot be done, or at least that it would take an indefinitely long time to do it, and then that it would be at a cost of life and treasure out of all proportion to the victory gained.

The expansionist deny that they are aiming at the subjugation of the people of those islands, while they are shooting them down every day and insist that all they ask is that the "rebels" in arms lay down their arms and acknowledge the authority of the United States, which simply means to confess that they are subjugated. Further than that they will proclaim nothing, nor give any assurance that it is not the intention to hold these people as subjects of the United States, while the opponents of expansion—that is forcible expansion—have a policy which they say and believe would bring peace and put a stop to the unnecessary expenditure of treasure and sacrifice of lives. They would assure the Filipinos that it is not our purpose to hold them in subjugation, but to occupy the islands only so long as it may be necessary to establish order and stable government when we will withdraw and turn the government over to them as they thought and believed we would do when they united their arms [with ours to drive the Spaniards out.

There is in the Philadelphia *Times* of Monday an interesting article based on views expressed by a Scotch merchant who was for many years a resident of Iloilo, and spent some time in Philadelphia, on his way to visit Scotland. These views were so nearly identical with the views of an eminent Englishman who is thoroughly familiar with the Filipinos, writing in the London *National Review*, that the *Times* couples both to show how the advocates of forcible expansion have blundered in the Philippines. We quote the article because taken as a whole, it is a strong argument in favor of Mr. Bryan's contention against the policy of imperialism, the inevitable result of persisting in the blunder. It says:

"It has already been observed that the President's elaborate apology for the course of the administration in the Philippines, while excellent as a plea in defence, was somewhat lacking in lucidity and frankness in the statement of facts, and that a knowledge of the actual situation there must impair the force of his argument.

"It happened that only last week a Scottish merchant who has been long resident in the Philippines, for the past ten years at Iloilo, and who had taken the occasion of the interruption of his business to visit his home, stopped in Philadelphia, where he has friends who know and esteem him as a man of sound judgment and broad knowledge of affairs. To them he spoke modestly but frankly of the deplorable muddle into which we have been brought. He was entirely and cordially friendly to the Americans, but his conclusion was that our officials had forever blundered away their opportunity to conciliate the Filipinos, and that there remained only the alternative of making terms with them or undertaking a war of suppression that would require a regular army of not less than a hundred thousand men for a long term of years. At present, he said, we are making absolutely no progress, outside the few ports inadequately held, and though Aguinaldo no longer maintained an organized army in the field, his authority among the people was more complete than ever.

"The current number of the *National Review*, that one of the London reviews that gives most constant, intelligent and friendly attention to American affairs, contains an article entitled 'Will the United States Withdraw from the Philippines?' The writer is John Foreman, the author of a standard work on the Philippine Islands referred to as authority by the first United States Commission, and one of those invited to Paris to give expert advice in the formulation of a treaty of the peace. He also was friendly to the American occupation, but his view of the dreadful mess we have made of it is so closely identical with that presented by the independent observer just mentioned that the coincidence is startling.

"It appears to Mr. Foreman 'that the United States Government entered upon the conquest of the Philippines under a misconception of many points'—and the sad part is that this misconception seems still to prevail at Washington. To achieve such an end 'two conquests must need be made simultaneously, the military and the moral. In the Philippines the latter was apparently overlooked or not even thought of.' From the outset, he insists, as others have insisted, 'it was a mistake to treat the Christian Philippine population like savages ignorant of western civilization, considering that there are thousands of Filipinos mentally equal to the invading forces and comparable in intellectual training with the average middle class European.' Mr. Foreman does not blame the illconduct of the Americans so much for the acts themselves as for the 'bad policy of their commission.' Under the circumstances, as he explains, 'the probability of the Americans ever gaining the sympathy and acquiescence of the natives is very remote. Unless the Americans are prepared to maintain a large permanent army in the islands, there seems to be no prospect of their ever being able to administer the interior of the archipelago. Their whole system of government, which might appear to the Anglo-Saxon mind reasonable enough in principle, clashes everywhere with the instincts, ideas, traditions and aspirations of the Filipinos.'

"It is to be observed, by the way, that those who have lived in the Philippines do not speak so contemptuously as Mr. McKinley does of the 'minority' who are seeking to govern. There are other races than the Tagalos, but they are all one in their desire for independence. Mr. Foreman quotes Agoncillo, whom he refers to respectfully: 'Independence or death, or perpetual warfare, is the only concise answer I can give to any conditional peace overture.' Agoncillo is out of the country, but the merchant from Iloilo of whom we have spoken told of another prominent Filipino whom he met just before he sailed, who assured him that the war would not abate and that they could carry it on for ten years without exhaustion. Can we carry it on so long?

"Mr. Foreman thinks there is a way out, but it is not the McKinley way. 'America,' he says, 'is undoutedly in a dilemma over the Philipine question and we do not want to see her become the laughing stock of Europe. I believe there are thousands on both sides of the Atlantic who would gladly see her extricate herself with honor. It can be done.' His recommendation is to 'gradually but conditionally relinquish control over the islands,' announcing that policy at once, and he outlines a plan for the government of the Philippine Protectorate that he believes would be acceptable and that would secure to the United States "all the rightful advantages of occupation without its evils.

"What Mr. Foreman writes is absolutely without reference to American politics. He is not concerned with the effect on our home institutions. He has no objection to expansion. He is in favor of it. While there was no necessity for our going to the Philippines, it would have done no harm if we had had a policy. The policy of attraction, the moral conquest, would have been best. If not that, then a policy of coercion in earnest, if we were still bent on conquest. "But seemingly to appease the Washington political wiseacres, ignorant of the conditions of the archipelago or its Asiatic inhabitants, a wavering policy was initiated, and we are now witnessing a sorry spectacle of useless bloodshed, which, 'for the sake of humanity,' we should be glad to see brought to a speedy close through any legitimate channel." So should we all. But the President thinks this would be 'desertion.'"

The *Times* is not a partisan paper, and it is not an enemy of the administration, nor an extreme opponent of expansion, if there be defence for it, but it here quotes the opinions of disinterested witnesses, showing where and how the McKinley administration has blundered, how it persists in the blundering, and the way out without sacrificing any more honor than has already been sacrificed. We quoted a few days ago from an interview with an army officer, just returned to Washington from Manila, who, after expressing the opinion that it would take a large army and twenty-two instead of two years to conquer these people, followed it up by predicting that even if the Republican party were continued in power it would before the next four years expire find some pretext to get out of the Philippines and would make a "masterly retreat."

A ROTHSCHILD VIEW OF IT.

A Paris correspondent of the Washington *Post*, an expansion paper, had an interview a few days ago with Baron Rothschild on the money and other issues involved in the present campaign in this country. The Baron being one of the great moneylenders of Europe is, of course, in favor of the gold standard and opposed to any movement to remonetize silver, and on that he stands in with the Republican party which plays into his hands when it declares for the gold standard. But it is his views on the expansion question which are interesting, for in these he differs diametrically from Mr. McKinley and those who support his policy of expansion. The correspondent thus quotes him:

"One of the greatest dangers before the United States is expansion. While your country has vast undeveloped, rich territories, for you to seek additional responsibilities in foreign lands is unquestionably an error, and would in the end lead to international complications, in which America's credit would greatly suffer."

This reads very much as if it might have been uttered by Wm. J. Bryan or some other American opponent of the McKinley policy of expansion and it is therefore interesting to find their contention so literally sustained by a man who has little sympathy with the Democratic party, and surely cannot be suspected of bias for the Democracy or of partiality for Bryan. They are the views of a cool-headed money lender whose immense fortune came from lending money to nations, and who has made national policies and national ambitions a close study. The Philippines were a source of great and perpetual vexation and weakness to Spain, and so they would be to the United States even if we succeed in establishing a so-called supremacy over them.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no relief; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates the liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. Guaranteed. †

AN OBJECT LESSON.

The Democratic National platform demands courts of arbitration for the hearing and settlement of disputes between corporations and their employes, the object being to thus prevent strikes, the derangements of business, and the losses to the corporations, the employes and the public resulting from these strikes. The coal miners' strike just inaugurated in Pennsylvania is a striking object lesson showing the necessity for such courts. If this strike becomes as general in the anthracite region as it promises to become it will involve about 145,000 workmen, and there is great probability that it may in a short while draw in the miners in the soft coal mines of Pennsylvania and adjacent States and possibly also the railroad men operating the coal trains.

In this event not only the factories and other establishments which use hard coal, but the steamships, steamboats, electric street cars, electric light plants, water works, etc., and the public generally would become the sufferers, for it would mean a coal famine, which, aside from the business inconveniences, would be with the approach of cold weather a very serious business.

Already, just at the beginning of the strike, some of the companies have announced an advance of 25 cents a ton on hard coal, which will doubtless be followed by other advances as the strike progresses, and in addition to this speculators will take advantage of the condition to buy up and corner the coal in sight, make their own prices and the public will suffer accordingly. This is where the public becomes interested in these labor disturbances, and this is why it is much interested in seeing some way devised by which they may be averted.

AND STILL THEY COME.

Every day adds to the already long list of recruits to the Bryan forces, men of prominence and influence, who opposed Bryan four years ago. Among the latest is ex-Judge Moran, of Chicago, one of the Democrats who were active in promoting the "sound money league" in Illinois four years ago to work for the defeat of Bryan. He subordinates the money question to the question of imperialism, which he regards as *the* vital and dangerous question, as he thus states in the following, giving his reasons for supporting Bryan:

"The issue of imperialism is the chief thing that has led me to support Bryan this year, for I believe with the Democratic nominee for the Presidency that that issue is the paramount one of this campaign,' said Judge Moran this afternoon. 'The attitude of the McKinley administration, which aims at establishing foreign colonies, is a blow at the constitution.'"

Another is Patrick Haggerty, president of the Elk Horn Valley Bank, in Nebraska, an old soldier, a life-long Republican, a tariff protectionist and an uncompromising gold standard man. In the campaign of 1896 he was president of a McKinley and Hobart club, but is now a strong supporter of Bryan and gives this as his reason:

"I think more of country than of party. While I regret to differ with the party I worked with all my life, still conscience and judgment tell me the policy of McKinley means the ultimate destruction of a republican Government, and I will not cast my vote to destroy it."

And there are thousands of Americans, native and adopted, who like these cannot be scared by the silver and panic fakes the Republicans have resorted to. They see in imperialism a menace which overshadows all other issues.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mr. Robert Fulcher, keeper of the Forsyth County Home for the Aged and Infirm, was assaulted and stabbed Monday by an inmate named Brown. The wound is a serious one. The trouble arose over the keeper reprimanding Brown for some bad conduct. While stooping over to get a stick, Brown, who is insane, rushed upon Mr. Fulcher with his knife, cutting a long and deep gash across the shoulder and back.

— Lumberton *Argus*: Friday night the dwelling house of Mr. Lewis Jenkins, who lives about eight miles from Lumberton, in Britt's township, was burned. The fire was discovered in time to save only a sewing machine, an organ and some bedding. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark in some wood lying near the fireplace. —— Mr. H. E. Haman, of Wishart's township, informs us that Mr. Joseph Bryant was digging a well on his place last week, and about 12 feet from the top of the ground he found a pipe, apparently in good condition.

— Kinston *Free Press:* Monday afternoon Deputy Collector Cameron paid Conductor Royall, on the A. & N. C., a cash fare from Goldsboro to Kinston. Everyone knows the fare paid to conductors is in excess of the fare when tickets are bought. For the excess fare Mr. Cameron asked for and received a rebate check. The check calls for a certain amount of money, and the deputy claims should bear a documentary 2 cent stamp. It is intended to have a test case made. —— Some time ago, just previous to the election, it will be remembered that Mr. R. R. Carr, of near Willow Green, Greene county, was assaulted by two negroes. He was struck several times over the head with a chair by one of them and was severely injured. The negroes escaped, and a reward of $100 was offered for their capture. We have heard it rumored that one of the fellows was captured in Greene county. All trace of the other one, Albert Barrett, was lost until last night, when Detective J. Geo. Wolfe and officer F. M. Barham, of Norfolk, Va., came to Kinston from that city, bringing the negro to Kinston, and placing him in jail. They left early this morning for Snow Hill with their prisoner, where they will claim the reward. The negro had been shadowed in Norfolk for several days, and when his identity was beyond question the arrest was made. He was simply paralyzed with fear.

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other

— Clarkton *Express*: For the last two months some negroes living on the west side of Waccamaw Lake have been terrorized by the visitations of a strange creature which according to them was his Satanic Majesty, minus the pitchfork.

ABBEY'S MEDICAL TALKS

Sleeplessness.

At least eight hours sound, refreshing sleep is necessary in every twenty-four. Do you get it, or is your slumber disturbed by restlessness? Do you lie awake counting the hours until early morning, then to fall asleep and be awakened just as you think your eyes have closed? The body and brain require rest. If the body does not get the repose it needs, the system is weakened, and nervous depression with melancholia follow.

ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT induces sound, refreshing sleep. It goes right to the *cause* of the trouble. It removes the pressure of blood from the brain, and sleep is secured. Abbey's is not an opiate or drug, nor does it stupify. It acts just the other way. Upon awakening you feel refreshed and strong, with clear brain and good appetite and best of all, there is no reaction of any kind.

One-third of your life is spent in bed, gathering strength for the other two-thirds.

Sold by most druggists, or sent by mail.

25c., 50c. and $1 per bottle.

The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., 9-15 Murray St., New York.

BOOKLET FREE ON REQUEST.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Money on call firmer at 1½@2 per cent., the last loan being 1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and 483¼@483¾ for 60 days. Posted rates 484@485 and 488. Commercial bills 482¼@483. Silver certificates 62¾@63¼. Bar silver 62¾. Mexican dollars 49¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's reg'd, 104; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 104½; U. S. 3's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 134½; do. coupon, 134½; U. S. 4's, old reg'd 115; do. coupon, 116; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 113¾; do. coupon, 113¾; Southern Railway 5's 108¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 68⅞c; Chesapeake & Ohio 27; Manhattan L 87½; N. Y. Central 127¾; Reading 15⅝; do. 1st pref'd 54; St. Paul 111⅛; do. pref'd 173; Southern Railway 11; do. pref'd 52⅝; American Tobacco, 87½; do. pref'd 127; People's Gas 90½; Sugar 115⅞; do. pref'd 114; T. C. & Iron 63½; U. S. Leather 10; do. preferred 66¾; Western Union 79¼.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 40@40½c.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 19.—Spirits turpentine—nothing doing. Rosin quiet and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 19.—Spirits turpentine firm at 36c; sales 490 casks; receipts 1,133 casks; exports 560 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,971 barrels; receipts 3,606 barrels; exports 1,600 barrels.

Test your palate with

Uneeda Biscuit

Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer

Uneeda Milk Biscuit

Uneeda Graham Wafer

Uneeda Quartet

If you're not pleased you need a new palate.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, September 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 36½ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 36 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market dull at $1.15 per barrel for strained and $1.20 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.10 for dip, and —— for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 47@46¼c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine firm at $1.30, $2.50@2.50.

Spirits turpentine	35
Rosin	261
Tar	51
Crude turpentine	44

Receipts same day last year.—73 casks spirits turpentine, 232 bbls. rosin, 123 bbls tar, 36 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 10¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	8 1-16	cts.
Good ordinary	9 7-16	" "
Low middling	10 1-16	" "
Middling	10½	" "
Good middling	10 13-16	" "

Same day last year middling firm at 6¼c.

Receipts—2,432 bales; same day last year, 2,488 bales.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm; 58 to 60 cents per ushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 85c; upland 50@60c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 8½c; sides, 7 to 8c.

EGGS—Firm at 16@16½ cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@27 cents; springs, 10@20 cents.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 19.—Early events in the New York cotton market partook something of the sensational, prices breaking heavy under an avalanche of general selling orders, but the afternoon developments turned the market and prices advanced sharply. The local trade again manifested little sympathy in efforts on the part of foreign bulls to create fresh speculative enthusiasm on the long side, and in response to firm cables our market moved up one to ten points on the call. The advance was followed by a sharp turn and subsequent decline which carried prices off eighteen to twenty-six points from the opening. Liverpool was extremely sensitive to the weakness here and not only made a full response but soon led in the downward movement, at the same time supplying liberal selling orders in the local market. On the down turn room bears were aggressive, directing efforts chiefly to the undermining of the winter months. The South and West readily sided with the bears. The primary influences serving to stimulate selling for both accounts consisted of heavy receipts, good weather news, tolerably favorable crop reports, rumors that Southern spot markets were being crushed by the heavy arrivals from the interior, and claims that exporters had secured sufficient staple to tide over European spinners until prices took a materially lower level. Shortly after midday the the temper of the market changed completely and prices worked steadily upward on covering by early sellers and moderate buying on the reaction theory, this demand being based on estimates for small receipts to-morrow. It was claimed, furthermore, that the crop was not doing as well as generally reported. Speculation became less active as the session progressed and gradually narrowed to professional operations. The market was finally very steady with prices net three to five points lower.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 10¾c.

Cotton futures closed very steady; September 10.12, October 10.05, November 9.74, December 9.62, January 9.61, February 9.61, March 9.61, April 9.61, May 9.61; June 9.61, July 9.59; August 9.54.

Spot cotton closed quiet and ¼c lower; middling uplands 10¾c; middling gulf 11c; sales 383 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 150 bales; stock—no report.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,575 bales; exports to the Continent 650 bales; stock 192,734 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 97,274 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,792 bales; exports to France 11,677 bales; exports to the Continent 35,494 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 232,085 bales; exports to Great Britain 45,412 bales; exports to France 12,620 bales; exports to the Continent 56,962 bales.

Sept. 19.—Galveston, no report, net receipts — bales; Norfolk, easy at 10⅝, net receipts 2,624 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 10¾c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 10¾c, net receipts 193 bales; Wilmington, firm at 10½c, net receipts 2,433 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 11c, net receipts 368 bales; Savannah, quiet at 10¼c, net receipts 9,231 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 10⅜, net receipts 11,147 bales; Mobile, easy at 10¼c, net receipts 289 bales; Memphis, steady at 10 11-16c, net receipts 1,017 bales; Augusta, quiet at 10¾c, net receipts 3,089 bales; Charleston, nominal at 10¼c, net receipts 2,291 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Flour—The market was firm and held at higher prices on all grades, restricting demand. Winter straights $3 70@4 00; Minnesota patents $4 20@4 60. Wheat—Spot strong; No. 2 red 84½c. Options opened firm and except for two or three brief setbacks prompted by realizing was active and strong all day. Sensational strength in the Northwest, supplemented by doleful spring wheat crop reports started a big scare of shorts and inspired also an active speculative demand from outside sources helped by firm Liverpool cables. Closed strong ⅞@1⅜c net higher; September closed 83c; October closed 83¼c; December closed 85⅜c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 47½c. The option market was fairly steady all day but rather quiet, with little response to the strength in wheat owing to continued liberal receipts at Chicago. Closed quiet at ½@⅝c net advance on late deliveries. September closed 46½c; October closed 45¼c; December closed 41¾c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2 25c. Options slow but steady. Beef firm; beef hams steady; packet $10 00@11 00. Cut meats steady. Lard firm; Western steam $7 50; refined Tallow firm. Butter firmer; State dairy 16½@20c; do. factory 14@16¼c. Cheese firm; large and small white 11c. Petroleum dull. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 18@20c at mark, for average lots; Western regular packing 13@17c at mark. Rice firm. Potatoes quiet; Jerseys $1 00@1 50; New York $1 50@1 62½; Long Island $1 50@176. Peanuts steady and unchanged. Cotton seed oil was quiet but well held, helped by strength in lard products. Prime, crude, in barrels, nominal; prime summer yellow 37½ for prompt; off summer yellow 36½c; prime winter yellow 41@42c; prime white 40@41c; prime meal $26 00. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 8¼c; mild quiet; Cordova 9¾@14c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 4¼c; centrifugal 96 test 5c; molasses sugar 4c; refined firm.

CHICAGO, September 10.—Wheat advanced strongly on wet weather in the Northwest and higher cables to day. October closing 1½@1⅝c over yesterday. Corn and oats closed unchanged and provisions 2½@17½c lower.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Cash quotations: Flour—Market firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 78c; No. 2 red 78¾@80c. Corn—No. 2, 40⅜@40¼c. Oats—No. 2 21¾@22½c; No. 2 white 25¼@25½c; No. 3 white 23¼@25c. Pork, per barrel $11 95@12 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $7 07½@7 10. Short rib sides, loose, $7 55@7 75. Dry salted shoulders, $6 25@6 37½. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 05@8 15. Whiskey —Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 26.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 77⅝, 79⅜, 77⅜, 79¼c; October 78@78⅛, 79½, 77⅞, 79¼c; November 78⅞@79, 80¼, 78⅝, 80⅛c. Corn—September 40¼, 40⅜, 39⅞, 40⅛c; October 38¾, 38⅞, 38@38⅝, 38½c; November 36¼@36⅜, 36⅝, 36¼, 36½c. Oats—September 21¼, 21⅜, 21¼, 21¼@21⅜; October 21⅝, 21⅝@21¾, 21½, 21⅝@21¾c; November 22@22½, 22½, 21⅞@22, 22¼c. Pork, per bbl—October $12 23½, 12 22½, 11 90, 11 97½; January $11 45, 11 47½, 11 37½, 11 40. Lard, per 100 lbs—October $7 10, 7 15, 7 05, 7 07½; November $7 12½, 7 12½, 7 00, 7 02½; January $6 73½, 6 75, 6 67½, 6 70. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—September $7 75, 7 75, 7 60, 7 60; October 7 40, 7 45, 7 32½, 7 32½; January $6 07½, 6 10, 6 05, 6 07½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, September 19, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in moderate demand; prices higher; American middling fair, 7 7-32d; good middling 6 31-32d; middling 6 29-32d; low middling 6 25-32d; good ordinary 6d; ordinary 5 13-16d. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 3,900 bales American. Receipts 7,000, including 2,200 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed weak and irregular. American middling (l. m. c.) September 6 52-64d value; September and October 5 51-64d seller; October and November 5 31-64d seller; November and December 5 25-64@5 26-64d buyer; December and January 5 19-64@5 20-64d buyer; January and February 5 18-64d seller; February and March 5 16-64d seller; March and April 5 14-64d seller; April and May 5 12-64@5 13-64d seller; May and June 5 11-64d seller; June and July 5 09 64@5 10 64d seller; July and August 5 08-64d value.

LIVERPOOL, September 19.—There was a decline in prices at the opening of the cotton market to-day, due to disappointing New York advices. Later prices improved on increased demands from the trade for actual cotton.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Hawes, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schr Massachusetts, 501 tons, Jones, Promised Land, L I, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Charles C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, Lewes, Del, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Clyde steamship Oneida, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 19, 1900.

SCHOONERS.

Massachusetts, 501 tons, Jones, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Charles C Lister, 267 tons, Robinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Montana, (Am), 337 tons, Buie, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Lillie, 311 tons, Davis, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Falk, (Nor), 1,410 tons, Bugge, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Vardoen, (Nor), 649 tons, Jensen, Heide & Co.

Elieser (Nor) 560 tons, Marcussen, Heide & Co.

Lonise, (Nor) 621 tons, Tonnensen, Heide & Co.

Cerastes, (Ger) 571 tons, Buss, Paterson Downing & Co.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

CATARRH

is

Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed.

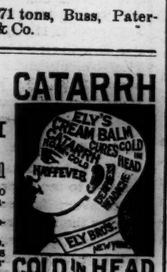
Gives Relief at once. It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation.

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.

sep 15 tf sa tu th

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.

We cut hair, too,
As well as shampoo.

GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.

P. S.—Brush the gentleman *cap a pie.*

au 28 tf

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the estate of Wm. M. Poisson, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate to present them to the undersigned for payment duly verified on or before August 17th, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

GEORGE F. ALDERMAN,
au 18 6t th Executor.

Now For The Fall Trade.

We are now prepared

to fill all orders for goods in our line, wholesale and retail, at prices that will surprise you. Quality, too, is a feature in which we excel.

Agicultural Implements, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Saddles, Horse Collars, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition of every kind, Stoves, Ranges—

Well, it would require too much space to enumerate the thousand and one articles that make up one of the most complete stocks ever offered in the South

Polite attention, prompt filling of orders and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

Orton Building,

sep 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Mullets, Our Own Catch

VIRGINIA WATER GROUND MEAL.
FLOUR, all grades in barrels and bags.
LARD, SOAP, LYE, MULLET BARRELS.
A full line of Tobacco, Cigars & Cigarettes.
SALT in 100 lb., 125 lb. and 200 lb. bags.
CAKES AND CRACKERS of all kinds.
CANDY in Buckets and Boxes.
SARDINES, MOLASSES AND CHEESE.
WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS.
TWINE, NAILS AND COTTON TIES.

For sale by

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

sep 15 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 10 tf

STATEMENT OF Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business Sept. 5th, 1900, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 643,613 23
Overdrafts		36 83
U. S. Bonds (at par)		216,100 00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00
Due from app'd res've ag'ts	$ 32,483 49	
Due from other banks	152,145 03	
Cash on hand	98,592 78	283,221 30
Total		$1,359,971 35

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000 00
Surplus and undivided profits		168,307 65
Circulation		95,100 00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$190,875 00	
Deposits from Banks	179,645 47	
Deposits from individuals	731,043 23—1	031,563 70
Total		$1,359,971 35

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Sept. 5 '98.	Sept. 5, '99.	Sept. 5, 1900
Total deposits	$831,800	$867,100	$1,031,500
Surplus and net profits	81,300	95,900	168,300
U. S. bonds at par	45,100	95,600	216,100
Dividends Paid.—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.			

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1899. sep 13 tf

FLORIDA WEST SHORT LINE SAL INDIA

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M. Athens, Ga., 3:48 A. M., Atlanta 6:45 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton. Atlanta, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6 50 A.

The Best

Is always used as a basis for Comparison.

GROVE'S

Tasteless Chill Tonic

Is the standard prescription of America for

Malaria, Chills and Fever.

How often do you hear imitators say "Our medicine is just as good as Grove's" or "It is better than Grove's". Do not be satisfied with the "just as goods". There are no "just as goods"—Grove's is the best as such comparisons admit—Grove's is many times superior both in merit and popularity to any other chill preparation manufactured, and is the only chill cure sold to jobbers in car load lots. Every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States and Cuba sells Grove's on a No cure, No pay, basis. Price 50 cents.

Grove's Tonic broke up a 10 days' spell of fever which a physician thought would last several weeks.

"During my recent illness your Chill Tonic proved of beneficial effect—it being highly endorsed by my family physician. 3 bottles broke up a 10 days' spell of fever which at first was thought by the doctor would last for several weeks. Your excellent remedy is having a tremendous sale throughout this section, more so than all other Chill Tonics combined, as I am informed by various druggists."

Yours truly, A. ROSCOWER,
Goldsboro. N.C.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW .....Saturday, Sept. 22
ONEIDA .....Saturday, Sept. 29

From Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA .....Saturday, Sept. 22
SAGINAW .....Saturday, Sept. 29

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA .....Tuesday, Sept. 18
SAGINAW.....Tuesday, Sept. 25

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager,
19 State street, New York.
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GROCERIES.

CLOSE PRICES,
BEST QUALITY,
PROMPT
SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN,
Wholesale Grocer.

feb 11 tf 204 and 206 North Water street.

61ST REGIMENT, N. C. TROOPS.

Interesting Sketch of the Personnel and the Part It Took in the War Between the States.

By N. A. Ramsey, Captain Company D.

The Sixty-first Regiment N. C. T., was organized in Wilmington early in August, 1862, with the following field and staff officers.

James D Radcliffe, Col, New Hanover county; Wm S Devane, Lt Col, Sampson county; Henry Harding, Major, Beaufort county; Wm S Anderson, A Q M, New Hanover county; Oliver P Meares, Com, New Hanover county; Alexander Rives, Surgeon, ——— county; William W Harriss, Asst Surgeon, New Hanover county; David Stevens, Sgt Major, Sampson county; Jos J Lane, Ord Sgt, Wilson county; Chas H King, Q M Sgt, New Hanover county; Jno H Johnson, Chief Musician, New Hanover county; Wm H Eberstein, Drum Major, New Hanover county.

The various companies had officers and men from first to last as follows:

COMPANY A.

Captains—Wm S Devane, Jos B Underwood, Geo W Marsh, James H Robinson, Sampson county.

Lieutenants—Geo W Marsh, Wm F Smith, Wm A Mathis, Julius M Chestnut, Francis M Carroll, Sampson county. [With 104 enlisted men.]

COMPANY B.

Captains—Henry Harding, Wm M Stevenson, Beaufort county.

Lieutenants—T H Satterthwait, David F Redditt, Wm M Stevenson, D W Jarvis, Thos D Wilkinson, Wm H Patrick, Beaufort county. [With 82 enlisted men.]

COMPANY C.

Captains—Edward Mallett, S S Biddle, Craven county.

Lieutenants—S S Biddle, Jno F Guthrie, Thos O Jones, Edward F Story, Craven county. [With 122 enlisted men.]

COMPANY D.

Captain—Nathan A Ramsey, Chatham county.

Lieutenants—Wm S Ramsey, Jas B Ellington, Richard C Cotten, Chatham county. [With 184 enlisted men.]

COMPANY E.

Captains—Allen G Croom, Greene county; Wm S Byrd, Lenoir county.

Lieutenants—Wm S Byrd, S W Nobles, J Q Jackson, Chas T Croom, Alex Field, Jos E Kinsey, H H Rasberry, Lenoir county. [With 119 enlisted men.]

COMPANY F.

Captains—Andrew J Moore, New Hanover county; W A Darden, Greene county.

Lieutenants—J H Exum, Andrew J Darden, Greene county; John R Belcher, Jesse D Barnes, Wilson county. [With 63 enlisted men.]

COMPANY G.

Captains—J F Moore, L L Keith, New Hanover county.

Lieutenants—Stacy VanAmringe, A D Lippitt, N H Fennell, Daniel Shackelford, John B Fox, New Hanover county. [With 94 enlisted men.]

COMPANY H.

Captains—John Lanier, William B Lanier, John D Biggs, Martin county.

Lieutenants—John Manning, John D Biggs, F A Rhodes, Henry Williams, Richard W Rufus, H H Lanier, Abner Alexander, Martin county. [With 133 enlisted men.]

COMPANY I.

Captains—Aras B Cox, Ashe county; Wm T Choate, Alleghany county.

Lieutenants—Isaac C Higgins, Jno W Joines, Lowery Grimsley, Cotten Sparks, W H Joines, Geo Grimsley, Joshua Cox, Calloway Joines, Alleghany county, (with 127 enlisted men).

COMPANY K.

Captains—F D Koonce, Thos G Henson, Onslow county; S W Noble, Lenoir county.

Lieutenants—H C Koonce, Jones county; J A Galloway, Onslow county; Sam'l L Gooch, Calhoun Hoskins, S E Koonce, Jones county, (with 106 enlisted men).

Casualities of the foregoing:

Edward Mallett, killed at Bentonville, 15 March, 1865; Wm S DeVane, wounded at Bentonville, 15 March, 1865; Jas H Robinson, prisoner, 3 Sept, 1864; Julius M Chesnut, missing at Fort Harrison, 30 Sept, 1864; John F, Guthrie, wounded at Kinston (?), Feb, 1865; Nathan A Ramsey, prisoner at Kinston, 14 Dec, 1862; Wm S Ramsey, lost left hand at Fort Harrison, 30 Sept 1864; Jas B Ellington, killed at Fort Harrison, 30 Sept, 1864; Rich'd C Cotten, prisoner at Morris Island, 26 Aug 1862; Jno Q Jackson, prisoner in 1864; L L Keith, wounded at Battery Wagner, Aug, 1863; Wm T Choate, killed, Cold Harbor, Issac C Higgins, died at Goldsboro, 28 Dec, 1862; Cotton Sparks, killed at Petersburg, 30 June, 1864.

Casualties among enlisted men approximately as follows:

COMPANIES	Died	Discharged	Killed	Missing	Prisoners	Wounded	Total
A	14	9	3	2	6	21	55
B	6	12	4	....	11	6	39
C	13	5	19	6	....	14	57
D	26	10	17	....	44	14	111
E	6	6	3	....	19	....	36
F	7	7	7	....	4	8	12
G	18	4	9	....	18	10	59
H	11	17	2	....	11	1	42
I	18	7	9	1	8	36	19
K	21	6	1	....	18	18	54
Grand Total	126	78	67	9	139	115	534

After the organization of the regiment as above stated, it remained at Camp Lamb, near Wilmington, until the 16th day of September, when it took a move on itself and went to Smithville and remained there till the 25th, when, on account of yellow fever outbreak it moved to Camp Radcliffe, three miles out, returning to Smithville on the 4th of October, en route to North East Bridge above Wilmington, which was reached on the 5th. We were really heading for the Kinston battle field (our maiden battle), but did not know it at the time. The zig-zag route taken by us, I gather from my letter published in the *Standard* on the 13th April 1863. We moved as follows: From North East Bridge we went to Camp Collier near Goldsboro on the 14th; to Tarboro on the 19th; left Tarboro for the country around Plymouth on the 24th, constantly marching and counter-marching day and night. The only incident occurring in this neighborhood, was the capture of the then notorious Buffaloe, Jay Bird Jones. We left our camp near Plymouth on the 2nd November, at 2.30 P.M. and made a forced march of 39 miles, arriving at Spring Green at daybreak on the 3rd. We next found ourselves at the Cross Roads on the 4th. A deep snow fell on the 6th, yet, with 100 barefooted men in the regiment, we weathered the storm and marched to the terminus of the Tarboro Railroad. The writer of this article felt very deep concern on this cold bleak day for thirteen of his own loved boys, who were barefooted, and he begged them not to go on the march, that he would prefer their remaining behind and take the chances of being taken prisoners rather than to go with us and run the very great risk of sickness and death. But no, they must go along with the boys. Four days later, on the 10th, the first one of these noble heroes who gave up his splendid life was Thomas Cotten, dying of pneumonia in the beautiful town of Tarboro. Seven others of them in a few days were placed by his side to sleep till God calls them. Two others died in Greenville. It has ever been, and will ever be the case, to give all the glory to the commanding and subordinate officers for grand victories won and heroic deeds performed, with rare exceptions of individual mention of a private soldier. This world has never known, and never will know, of any soldier to equal the Confederate boys in gray. These thirteen men, barefooted and poorly clad, rather than remain behind, preferred to go forward, and ten of them paid the penalty in but a few days. They were brave and true and faithful to the end. God bless their memory! History shall record the names of these noble fellows. Those dying in Tarboro were: Thos. Cotten, 10th of November; J. Carpenter and Monroe Thompson, 22d of November; Terry Poe, 24th of November; Wyatt Carpenter, 26th of November; J. A. Pilkinton, 29th of November; Wm. Gunter, 2d of December; Jefferson Womack, 29th of January. Dying in Greenville: N. L. Covert, 9th of December; Elias Fields, 25th of December. They were all from Chatham county and members of Company D.

We left the terminus of the Tarboro railroad on the 10th and bivouaced at Greenville on the 13th; at Craddock's X Roads on the 14th; at Black Jack meeting house on the 15th; at Taft's Store on the 16th; back to Greenville on the 23rd, remaining there till the 7th of December, when we took up direct line of march for Kinston, arriving there on the 9th. We found ourselves on the 12th, after crossing the county bridge over the Neuse, at Southwest Creek, near Kinston. The bridge crossing this creek had been completely destroyed by our troops. The Sixty-first Regiment was posted on the west side of the creek to check or delay the advance of Gen. Foster on the march from Newbern with 10,000 infantry, six batteries with forty pieces of artillery and 640 cavalry. Gen. H. G. Evans, of South Carolina, was in command of our forces, which numbered 2,014.

Gen. Foster reached Southwest Creek on the morning of the 13th. About 9 o'clock one company of the regiment had a little skirmish with the enemy at the bridge crossing, with trifling casualties. Lieut. Col. DeVane, with seven companies, repaired to Hine's mills, about four miles distant, in double quick, and on arrival promptly deployed the entire force as skirmishers. In a little while the ball opened. To us then the firing seemed to be rapid and terrific. Minnie balls whistled through the air by front and cross fires from the enemy as if they had naught else to do. For some time we held our ground, but were forced to fall back by the enemy advancing upon us in overwhelming numbers. We retreated towards Kinston and halted about one mile to the rear. Here we formed a line of battle and a company of skirmishers moved forward to feel for the enemy. They advanced only about a hundred yards when they met with what they were looking for, fired one round and had the compliment promptly acknowledged in a double dose by the enemy. They retired as best they could, bringing the intelligence that the woods were full of blue coats, and that several regiments were flanking us on our left. Just then we had orders from Gen. Evans to retreat under fire in good order. We did our best. We fired and fell back, and fell back and fired.

The next big field not far away we made another stand, taking advantage of the woods on the Kinston side. Here we had a pretty lively artillery duel for about an hour, and I suppose about 2,000 well directed shots from small arms of the enemy. We quietly laid mighty low and did not return the fire, because our guns were inferior and we could not reach them. The day's casualties were very slight. The first to give up his life in this our first battle was Elbert Carpenter, a private in Company D, and he was at once buried on the spot where he fell, royally wrapped in his soldiers' blanket.

At about 8 o'clock that night we quietly stole away through swamp, mud and water to Harriet's Chapel. It was a bitter cold night and all the boys were wet, half-frozen, hungry and worn out, and yet no word of complaint was murmured through the lines of these splendid Tar Heel heroes. When we bivouaced we were in hearing of the enemy, and we had no camp fires till past midnight. About daybreak our most excellent commissary, Capt. O. P. Meares, gladdened our hearts with an abundant supply of good, wholesome rations, just the thing we were longing for and most needed. We were then upon the battle field of Kinston on the 14th of December, 1862—a bright beautiful Sabbath morning.

Gen. Evans with his S. C. brigade on the left, and the 61st. N. C. on his right awaited Foster's attack. Foster sent in Wessell's brigade and batteries; supporting Wessell by Amory's brigade, supplemented by Stevenson's. The odds were overwhelmingly against us, and after two and a half hours of stubborn resistance on our part, we were forced back across the Neuse, and were so closely pressed that we unavoidably lost 400 prisoners, all of whom were paroled on the following morning. At one time during the progress of the battle the 61st was compelled to fall back on account of the ammunition being entirely exhausted, and on being ordered back by Gen. Evans, all hands without a murmur promptly obeyed and returned to within 150 yards of the enemy without a solitary cartridge and half the men without bayonets. A small supply of ammunition soon reached us, which was speedily used to the best advantage, and being entirely out again and with no hopes of a second supply, and being in a forlorn and helpless condition and being crowded so unmercifully close by such a large force of the enemy, the better part of valor was to get away from there if we could, which we did in a quiet, orderly way, or as much so as pressing circumstances permitted. When we reached the bridge it was on fire, and in addition to the trying ordeal of passing over the blazing bridge, we were subjected to a terrible cross-fire from the enemy who were drawn up in line of battle 250 yards below. Here we lost several of our men and it is truly miraculous that half of them at least were not killed or burned to death. God was with us on this beautiful, lovely Sabbath day.

After the battle of Kinston the regiment under Gen. Evans was marched to Goldsboro, reaching there on the 17th of December. From Goldsboro we tramped every step of the way right down the railroad track to Wilmington, reaching that lovely city by the sea on the 2d of January, 1863, remaining there till the 6th of February, when we pitched our tents on Masonboro Sound—returning to Wilmington on the 16th of February.

From Wilmington we went to Charleston, S. C., landing there on the 18th of February, 1863. On the 2d of March we were ordered to Savannah, Ga., and it was with many regrets when the order came for us to return to Charleston on the 9th. Every recollection and association of our sojourn in Savannah is of the most pleasant and delightful character. We were welcomed most heartily by the noble men and women of that most beautiful of cities and royally entertained.

On our return to Charleston we went into camp on James' Island, about four miles from the city and only a few hundred yards distant from Fort Pemberton. Going from Savannah, Ga., to James' Island, S. C., was about what I would imagine with my limited knowledge of the two localities, very much the same as dropping out of Paradise into Hell! We found James' Island a little Sahara, having plenty of wind; rolling and twisting clouds of sand; millions of black gnats (much greater pests than mosquitoes) and a very scanty supply of devilish poor beef, that a respectable Charleston buzzard would not eat. We had to sink holes here and there and everywhere to get a supply of tadpole water—at the same time there being a well of good water at Fort Pemberton, which no Tar Heel was allowed to sample. In Savannah bacon sold for 35 cents per pound; at Charleston it was 62 cents, and North Carolina money couldn't buy it at any price. Our money was refused at the post-office, in the market, in the stores and on the streets. We didn't like it. The Fayetteville *Observer* of the 23rd of April, 1863, published a collection that had been made in that good old town for the suffering volunteers from Cumberland county, then doing duty on James Island, amounting to $3,408.55 in money and bacon. This ought not to have been, and would not, had the boys been quartered and doing duty at Savannah.

Some of the little delicacies that the boys sometimes liked to indulge in were sold at prices that were rather high. For instance, a small raw turnip, 15 cents; a baked sweet potato, 25 cents, with ground peas at 40 cents a quart. On the 23rd of March, 1863, Company D threw away two days' rations of beef, which was totally unfit for the stomach of a cannibal, much less that of a Confederate soldier. The life of a soldier was anything but easy and pleasant. They endured every hardship and suffered under almost every privation without a murmur and with apparent cheerfulness. In this way, as much as in any other, they showed their patriotism and devotion to the Common Cause.

From James Island we went to Sullivan's Island, date not remembered, but the change was gladly welcomed by all. We were willing to go *anywhere*, to get away from James Island. While quartered on Sullivan's Island our regiment did its full share of duty in the defence of Morris Island. During the four years of my experience in the army I found no place so uninviting as Battery Wagner on Morris Island. The bomb-proof, the only place of safety, cannot be well described for all its dreary loathsomeness and horrors, and I will not attempt it. The following was published in the Wilmington *Journal* a few days after the occurrence.

"During the bombardment of Battery Wagner many little incidents have occurred which deserve a name in history. Among these is the following: On the 29th July, 1863, the enemy got the range of a ten inch Columbiad so completely as to render the place of extreme danger, and the South Carolina troops that manned the gun left it and ran into the bomb-proof for shelter. Their captain ordered them back to their post, but they refused for a time to obey. While the men were wrangling with their officer, a soldier named Stedman from Co. B, 61st N. C. T., *by himself loaded, sighted and fired* the abandoned gun, hitting the Yankee boat at which he shot, while a hundred balls were whistling around him. Remember this was a North Carolina soldier. Let us be proud of him. I thank God it was my happy privilege and good fortune to witness the abandonment of this gun, and the magnificent heroic conduct of Robert Winship Stedman. There was no braver soldier among the hosts of the Confederate army than Winship Stedman. God bless his memory!

The following appeared in the Chatham *Record*, 19th April, 1888:

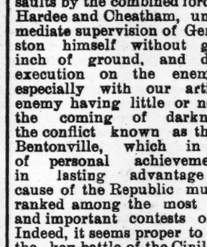
In the summer and fall of 1863, the 61st Regiment together with the balance of Clingman's Brigade performed as arduous services as any Confederate troops at any period of the war. They were stationed on James, Morris and Sullivan's Islands defending the city of Charleston, and their endurance of fatigue, hardships and dangers during that period, week after week, for several months seems almost incredible. In Dec, 1863, shortly before Christmas the regiment with the balance of Clingman's brigade was relieved from the arduous service at the siege of Charleston, and returned to North Carolina and for several months was stationed near Wilmington. When Beast Butler in May 1864 made his memorable movement against Petersburg, the 61st was one of the regiments hurried forward to checkmate him. General Grant in his official report alluded to Butler's being "bottled up" by our troops. The 61st participated actively in this campaign, and as it was wont to do, discharged its every duty faithfully and well, and suffered fully its share in all respects, especially in the battles of Drewry's Bluff, Chaffin's Farm, Bermuda Hundreds, Cold Harbor and Fort Harrison. At Cold Harbor another brigade gave way, and through this break the enemy passed and attacked Clingman's brigade on the left flank. Gen. Clingman was in the trenches with the 61st regiment and seeing the enemy in our rear, he rushed forward and was gallantly followed by the regiment, and the enemy was soon driven back from whence they came. The only weapon Gen. Clingman had on this occasion was a piece of a fence rail.

In addition to the varied and wide scope of duties faithfully, cheerfully and gallantly performed by the 61st regiment in this and other States. Company D was petitioned for by the citizens of Chatham and Moore to be sent for protection to life and property against lawless deserters and conscripts. The petition was granted, and the company was promptly sent. The woods were scoured and cleared up of this lawless gang of marauders. Over one hundred captures were made, and they were sent back to their commands in the army. Besides, in a skirmish with them, the two leading spirits of the gang were shot to death, and this restored peace to the entire community. Forever after all raiding and outrages from this source were unknown.

The regiment was returned to Wilmington from Petersburg and remained in the vicinity till after the fall of Fort Fisher and the evacuation of the city. The war was speedily coming to a close, and the most hopeful of us had despaired of a possibility of success, yet we pressed forward and fought on with the same iron nerve that had already immortalized our soldiery.

Our last battle was fought at Bentonville on the 15th of March, 1864, and the writer of this article is still proud of the honor conferred upon him on that morning in being put in command of the skirmish line, with instructions to go forward. About this, our last battle, Benson J. Lossing wrote as follows: "Soldiers in that command who have passed through this score of battles will tell you they never saw anything like the fighting at Bentonville. Sherman said the National forces received six distinct assaults by the combined forces of Hoke, Hardee and Cheatham, under the immediate supervision of General Johnston himself without giving one inch of ground, and doing good execution on the enemy's ranks, especially with our artillery, the enemy having little or none. With the coming of darkness ended the conflict known as the battle of Bentonville, which in brilliancy of personal achievements, and in lasting advantage to the cause of the Republic must ever be ranked among the most memorable and important contests of the war. Indeed, it seems proper to consider it the key battle of the Civil War. Had Johnston won there, the sad consequences would probably have been the loss of the whole of Sherman's army, and the quick and fatal dispersion or capture of Grant's army before Petersburg and Richmond by the combined forces of Lee and Johnston attacking him in front and rear. In this view the solid importance of the victory of Bentonville cannot be over-estimated.

After the lapse of so many long and weary years, it is a difficult task, with the historical data obtainable incomplete as they are, to do justice full and ample to this, or any other regiment of North Carolina troops who did service in the Confederate army. No better soldiers are known in the histories of the world than the Confederates, and if any of them were better than the others our love for North Carolina and her common glory is my excuse for saying that the Tar Heels were the very best. God bless the memory of all of them who so freely offered up their lives upon the altar of their country for a cause that was just in the sight of God and our own conscience. And to the noble old veterans who still survive of the gallant old Sixty-first may they yet live for many days to instill into the hearts and minds of their descendants the deepest love and veneration for the Confederate cause, which was crushed not by the people of the North but by the hundreds of thousands of foreign trash, who fought for money and not for the love of the union.



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Remember, Remember, One more

Week Only of Our Big Removal Sale.

From now till Saturday night, September 22nd, every thing is to go at Sweeping Reductions. For the past two or three weeks our sales have been very good, and we expect to be busier than ever this week. Come one and all, and make good of some of the Bargains.

SILKS.

I have a big stock of fine Silks which has sold very well, and I will sell a nice China Silk at 24c per yard.

Fine Wash Silk 33c per yard.

Taffeta Silks at 43c.

MATTING—I want to sell out my entire stock before I move.

I now have about 80 rolls, and I will sell the 18c Matting at 12½c, and this cost me 13c to lay it down. I will sell it only by the roll of 40 yards at that price for cash.

I have received a nice line of Tips and Plumes I am now selling very cheap.

Tips 12 inches long at 25 cents; three nice Black Tips for 25c.

Fruit of the Loom Sheeting at 7c.

Masonville Sheeting at 7c.

Columbia Sheeting, 1 yard wide, at 5 cents.

Sea Island Sheeting at 4½c, 10 yards to each customer.

Short ends of Sheeting at 2½c a yard.

DRESS GOODS.

Dress Goods at cost. Everything in the Dress Goods line. We are trying to sell goods to keep from moving them. I have a big stock and everything has been bought cheap.

Come and bring this advertisement and buy what you need in every department in the Dry Goods line, in Dress Goods, Silks, Bleaching, Sheetings, Outings, Shoes, Notions, Clothing, Millinery, Underwear, Men's Hats, Trunks, Carpet Sacks at cost for cash, for this week, as I will be abl to move in a few days.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

I am selling the best of goods at cost, as my stock is fresh, new and complete. I sell everything at the cost price.

Good Suit for 69c a Suit, sold at $1; our $1.50 line now $1.20; our $2.00 Suits now $1.60.

Men's Pants by the hundred, from 33c a pair to $3.00 a pair. Our $1.25 Pants now $1.00.

Men's Blue and Black Serge Coats I sold at $2.98, now for $2.25 each.

Men's Silk Bosom Shirts I sold at 50c, now 39c each.

Men's Fine Percale Shirts, 2 collars, at 38c, cheap at 50c.

Men's Fine Bleached Drawers at 28c a pair. Scriven's Drawers at 49c a pair.

TRUNKS.

I have a big line of Trunks. I want to sell Trunks before I move. Come and give my line a look. I have Zinc-covered Trunks 26 inches, at $1.00 and up.

Canvas Trunks from $2.00 to $5.00.

Roller Tray Trunks at $4.50 to $15c.

I have all kinds and styles of Grips, Valises. Hand-Bags and Telescopes from 25c to $4.00.

Nice brass trimmed Suit Case at $1.39; regular price $2.25.

Good Leather Grips at 90c; sold at $1.25.

Do not forget the place—near the postoffice.

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.
sep 16 tf **GEORGE O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.**

Statement of The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At close of business, Sept. 5th, 1900, condensed from Report to Corporation Commission.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$680,638.79	Capital	$ 25,000.00
Real Estate	3,000.00	Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	26,430 03
Furniture and Fixtures	400.00	Deposits	754,573.63
Burglar Proof Safety Deposit Boxes	100.00		
Cash on hand and due from banks	122,164 87		
	$806,003.66		$806,003.66

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. sep 18 tf

Carpets and House Furnishings.

This Department was never more complete than now, and I am prepared to fit out your home, so that it will be both comfortable and attractive. The stock is large and varied, but space will not allow me to make mention of everything. But suffice it to say, I can please the most fastidious.

For a Limited time I make the following offer:

Monarch all Wool Extra Super Carpets made and laid, 65c a yard.
Smith's Ten Wire Tapestry Carpets made and laid, 85c a yard.
Hall and Stair to match Smith's Velvets.
Hall and Stair to match made and laid, $1.00 a yard.
Smith's Axminsters and Moquets made and laid, $1.25.

A Special Offer, to close out many good lengths

of Tapestry Brussels suitable for small rooms, original prices 85c, 90c and $1.00, will be sold for 59c and 75c made and laid.
Brussels Effect Art Squares, large sizes, that cannot be duplicated.

Mattings, Mattings. In dark colors suitable for the season, in both Cotton Warp and China.

Rugs, Window Shades and Draperies.

A full line of Draperies, Upholsteries, Curtains and Shades. Smyrna and Moquet Rugs.

I am prepared to make estimates for lodge rooms, churches, dwellings, and in fact, will be glad to give you figures on anything in this way.

Sole agent for Butterick's Patterns, Her Majesty, Dowager and American Lady Corsets. | **A. D. BROWN.**
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For further information, apply to Capt. H. P. Griffith, Senior Professor, or to the President.

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Don't fail to provide yourself with these great labor-saving implements. We can furnish you with close prices and easy terms.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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to my drug store, it has my personal attention; there is no one else to put it up but me.

JAMES D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
sep 16 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule In Effect July 22, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.34 A. M., Goldsboro 12.10 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.49 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.02 P. M., Petersburg 5.28 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.5 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.15 P. M., Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.44 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M., Marion 6.30 P. M., Florence 7.10 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.35 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 10.10 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †2.20 P. M., Philadelphia 12.30 A. M., Baltimore 3.30 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 6.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 2.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.38 P. M.

DAILY 9.20 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.33 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.25 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.0 A. M., Sanford 12.05 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 2.10 A. M., Charleston 6.48 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.24 P. M. Columbia 5.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.35 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.10 A. M., Red Springs 9.40 A. M., Hope Mills 10.52 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.30 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.56 P. M. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.35 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 A.

The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20.

MR. BRYAN DISCUSSES HANNA

Speech at Leavenworth--Winding Up His Three Days Kansas-Missouri Border Tour.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEAVENWORTH, KANS., September 16.—A special train over the Missouri Pacific bore Mr. Bryan out of Kansas City to day. The change from the regular coaches, with their accompanying crowds and hand-shaking was evidently most welcome to the Presidential candidate, for although he has made no complaint it has been evident that the strain of the past few days, with no opportunity for rest or retirement, has had no agreeable effect upon him. This is the last of the three days Kansas-Missouri border tour.

The first stop was made at this historic city. Mr. Bryan spoke for half an hour from the rear platform. Mr. Bryan's attention was called to a speech made at Delphi, Ind., by Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican National Committee, in which the Senator was quoted as saying that he was ready to debate "imperialism with Mr. Bryan or any other Democrat."

In reply to the question whether he would accept a challenge from Mr. Hanna, Mr. Bryan said: "I know nothing of the matter except what appears in the papers. No challenge has been received, and I would not accept it if it were. While I would be glad to debate public questions with the Republican candidate for the presidency, I would not be willing to debate with one whose responsibility is less than my own. If I am elected I shall be president. If the Republican committee will certify that Mr. Hanna is to be president, in case of Republican success, I shall willingly meet him in joint debate.

Mr. Bryan was also asked if he had anything to say in reply to Mr. Hanna's charge that he was influenced by sinister motives in securing the ratification treaty with Spain. To this he replied: "I have given my reasons for believing it better to ratify the treaty and declare the nation's policy by resolution, and the voters have an opportunity to pass judgment upon my reasons. I must confess, however, that Mr. Hanna is an expert when he discusses sinister motives but I can stand his criticism, if Senator Hoar can endure his praise."

In his address Mr. Bryan referred to a report of a recent speech made by Senator Hanna, and said: "I read in the morning papers a speech made by Mr. Hanna yesterday in which he said there are no trusts. When I used to want humorous reading I would go to those books which contained a collection of the writings of humorists; but now when I want to read something funny, I read Mr. Hanna's serious campaign speeches. There are no trusts; can you expect the Republican party to destroy the trusts when leaders of the Republican party says there are no trusts?"

SOUTHERN SCHOOL HISTORIES

Atlanta Camp, United Confederate Veterans, Denounce the Action Taken by the G. A. R.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., September 19.—Atlanta Camp 159, United Confederate Veterans, at its last meeting adopted a resolution couched in strong language, taking exceptions to a resolution passed at the recent encampment at Chicago, of the G. A. R., relative to Southern school histories. It was held by the G. A. R. resolution that many of the histories used by Southern school children gave a partisan view of the history of facts of the Civil War.

After giving briefly several incidents in the war the resolution adopted by the Atlanta camp concludes:

"In the language of the resolutions of the Grand Army, we of the South also call upon all patriotic citizens to aid in banishing from our schools all books and teachings of a partisan, sectional or loyal character; but we remind our fellow citizens of the Grand Army of the Republic that so long as the Northern schools are supplied with books that teach that the war between the States was organized rebellion designed to destroy the Union, that Jefferson Davis was the arch-traitor (while John Brown was a hero and martyr), that Robert E. Lee, Albert S. Johnson and Stonewall Jackson, were guilty of treason, that Semmes, Tattnall, Buchanan and Waddell were wicked pirates, and the Southern armies were bands of rebels, the adoption of these resolutions by the Grand Army of the Republic is but a hollow farce.

"The resolutions themselves teem with partisan anger and misrepresentation. Whenever the unfair partisan books of the North are corrected and all evidences of hatred to the South eliminated therefrom, it will then be time enough for our Grand Army friends to call for reform in the matter of Southern histories."

NATIONAL SEA FOOD CO.

A New Trust Organized Under the Laws of New Jersey.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Sept. 19.—An organization has been formed to control sea food. It will be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey this week and if back by New York, Minneapolis and Berlin capitalists. The name of the company will be the National Sea Food Company. All the largest packing concerns in the country that deal in sea food have entered the combination, which will commence operations as soon as the next lobster and soft shell crab season opens. For a year or two the corporation will not attempt to control the oyster and clam output as the laws now in force regarding the Chesapeake Bay beds would not permit this, but an attempt to include oysters and clams will be made later.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

POWERS DIVIDING AS TO CHINA.

Great Britain and Germany Are Aligned Against France and Russia.

MR. McKINLEY IN A DILEMMA.

Both Sides Seeking Adherence of the U. S. Government—Chinese Minister Trying to Influence the Government Against Germany.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—With the German proposition to postpone peace negotiations with China until the persons responsible for the Pekin outrages are punished and the French and Russian notification of the purpose of those governments to begin such negotiations at once awaiting him, the President found much matter of importance to dispose of upon his arrival in Washington from Canton this morning. He lost no time in notifying the officials he desired to consult on his return and the day was largely given up to private discussion. Although it was stated that no answer would be ready to the German note to-day, it appeared that the President, after talking over the situation with Attorney General Griggs, Acting Secretary Hill and Assistant Secretary Adee, had arrived at a conclusion as to the nature of the response that should be made. Mr. Adee spent the afternoon consulting Acting Secretary Hill and in drafting the note of response, but all information as to its nature was refused at the State Department. It is said that the note is to be gone over carefully at a further meeting between the President and such of his advisers as are in the city. The German government apparently is anxious for a speedy answer, as Baron Sternberg paid two visits to the State Department after the German note was delivered. The Chinese minister also was twice at the State Department to-day, seeking to influence the government not to agree to the joint action suggested in the German note.

No Final Action.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—An important conference over the answer to the German note was held at the White House to-night. The parties to the conference were the President, Attorney-General Griggs, the only cabinet officer in the city, Dr. Hill, acting Secretary of State, Assistant Secretary of State Adee, and General Corbin, who by executive order is acting Secretary of War. The President entertained these gentlemen at dinner and the subsequent conference lasted until 11 o'clock. At its close one of the participants said that no final action had been taken.

It is understood, however, that the answer of this government, as now framed, is in effect a diplomatic refusal to accede to the German proposal.

Peace Negotiations to Begin.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—The first definite determination to begin peace negotiations with China seems to have been reached by the French and Russian governments, which have made known their purposes to proceed with negotiations with Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, as soon as feasible. This doubtless will have an important influence on the present negotiations, which are hinging to a considerable extent on the opening of peace negotiations. Within the last few days the United States minister at Paris, General Horace Porter, has been seen frequently at the office of the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Delcassse, and it is understood that sentiments of the most friendly accord have been exchanged between the two countries.

The Powers Dividing.

The conclusion reached from the day's developments is that the powers are dividing as to China and that at present Germany and Great Britain stand aligned against France and Russia, while both sides are seeking the adherence of the United States government.

The issue appears to be made up in such shape as to dismiss further hope of obtaining that harmony of action respecting China that the President has been seeking so far, and the point apparently has been reached where the United States must take sides or at once proceed to act entirely independent of the powers in reaching a settlement. The Chinese government is urging the latter course upon the State Department, but thus far there has been a restraining force in the desire to avoid making the United States the first of the powers to break the solid front that has been maintained up to the present time in dealing with China.

The German Note to the Powers.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—It is understood that the immediate cause for the issuing by Germany of the circular note to the powers regarding the Chinese settlement was the fact that Li Hung Chang, during his recent interview with the German minister to China, mentioned a number of names of alleged high mandarins, hitherto wholly unknown, as those responsible for the Pekin outrages, and said that China was willing to punish them. This explanation seems to be borne out by the following statement made by the German Foreign Office to-day to the correspondent of the Associated Press in Berlin:

"What we want to avoid is an opportunity for allowing China to impose any sham concessions upon the powers by delivering up for punishment persons who had nothing to do with the Pekin atrocities. Hence it is advisable for the representatives of the powers in China to designate beforehand all who are notoriously guilty. Germany does not wish to prejudice the case in way. She wishes to reach an agreement with the powers regarding the guilty and their punishment."

Imperial Edicts.

BERLIN, September 19.—The Boersen *Zeitung* to-day prints a special dispatch from Shanghai, dated Monday, September 17, saying that an imperial edict, dated September 7, commands all the Chinese generals, under pain of death, to avoid hostile acts, orders all high officials to return to Pekin and assist in restoring order and peace, and orders the suppression of the Boxers, whose leaders must be captured.

A second edict, the dispatch adds, orders comprehensive reforms in the entire administration of the Empire.

The allies at Pekin, it is also declared in the dispatch, must insist upon the Emperor's return and the punishment of all the Boxer leaders.

Chinese Peace Negotiators.

HONG KONG, September 18.—An imperial edict received at Canton appoints Li Hung Chang, Princes Ching and Sheng to be peace negotiators. Since the suppression of newspapers in Canton still more damaging leaflets have been circulated announcing Chinese victories and that the allies are seeking peace. It is supposed that these were written by the literati with a view of fomenting the anti-foreign feeling. The viceroy is powerless to suppress this form of agitation.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE A FIGHT TO THE FINISH.

Expected Trouble Averted--Reading Company Reaping a Harvest—Price of Coal Has Advanced.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, September 19.—An interesting feature of to day's developments in the coal miners' strike was the meeting at Jeddo, near Hazleton, of the mine workers employed in the four collieries of G. B. Markle & Co. These men are in a different position from the others in the region, as they have an agreement with their employers to submit any grievance and wait ten days for an adjustment. When the strike was ordered they had presented no complaint, but the day the tie up began the United Mine Workers' officials had the Union men in Markle's mines formulate grievances similar to those of the strikers and demand adjustment. Since then Markle's mines have been in operation, but at to-day's meeting, President Mitchell and some of his lieutenants obtained the adoption of a resolution calling for a strike at once. The Markles claim the meeting was a "packed one" and that their men will be at work to-morrow as usual. They offered to submit to arbitration, but President Mitchell said there could be no arbitration without recognition of the Union.

Reading Company's Harvest.

The Reading Company is getting ready to reap the harvest presented to it by the tie-up of the other coal districts. Nearly all of its collieries in the Schuylkill region have been working three quarters time, but orders were to-day issued placing them on full time and henceforth all the mines will be operated to their full capacity. Even with this extra output the company cannot supply the demand, and it served notice on the West to-day that extraordinary orders could not be filled. Meanwhile reports are coming from all parts of the country of large increase in the price of coal to consumers to keep buyers down.

All was quiet in the coal section to day. The much advertised clash in the Lykens region of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was side-tracked through the decision of the strikers at Lykens that it would be unwise to march on the non-union strikers at Williamstown and force them to quit work. Nevertheless, there was fewer men at work to day than yesterday, President Mitchell claiming that more than 120,000 men are now idle. Contradictory reports come from the Schuylkill region, one to the effect that the strikers at Moore, after staying out two days had decided to night to return to work to-morrow being received with incredulity at the strike headquarters.

A Fight to the Finish.

The mine operators, after generally maintaining silence for several days, are showing a disposition to talk for publication and as a result several statements from their side are printed. All breathe the same spirit. No recognition of the Union Mine Workers and a fight to the finish with President Mitchell and his followers.

Marching makes the timid men and women in the Hazleton region nervous because of the terrible result of that sort of campaigning in 1897, when the deputies shot down marchers, but marching began in earnest there today. The marchers were peaceful, however, and they succeeded in inducing several hundred men to quit work temporarily at least.

Expected Trouble Averted.

HARRISBURG, PA., September 19.—The expected clash between the Union and non-union miners in the Lykens valley region was averted by the strikers at Lykens abandoning their proposed march to Williamstown to-night, to attempt to force the miners there to quit work. The feeling between the Lykens and Williamstown miners is so bitter that the strike leaders were induced this afternoon by the borough authorities of Lykens to persuade their followers not to invade the territory of the non-strikers. Seven hundred strikers were to have started for Williamstown at 6 o'clock with two bands of music and they were much chagrined when the proposed march was called off. A small delegation of strikers went there this evening and held a meeting in the public square at which speeches were made by three strike leaders. There was no disorder and this has encouraged the authorities of the neighboring borough to believe that the danger of trouble between the strikers and non strikers is over.

Putting up Prices.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The coal merchants of this city and Brooklyn have decided that the price of stove coal of all grades from to day on will be $7 a ton. This is an advance of two dollars a ton within a week. Steam coal has advanced from $2.95 to $3.65 since Saturday.

The object of the dealers in raising the price to $7 is to stop the people who seem to have been seized with panic on account of the great strike from buying. The coal men say they do not wish to become tied-up with orders without knowing whether it will be possible to make a delivery. They now have a normal supply, which at the present time they cannot increase on account of the strike.

COAL CREEK, TENN., Sept. 19.—About 300 miners and day laborers employed by the Coal Creek Coal Company struck to-day. The miners' wages were recently raised 7½ per cent., but they went out to-day in an effort to to secure a raise for the day laborers.

COAL AND WOOD.

Large Purchases in Japan for Use of U. S. Troops in China.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—A cable message from Major Byron, quartermaster at Taku, announces that he has purchased 2,000 tons of coal at Taku. He is sending ships to Nagasaki for 8,000 tons purchased at that place, of which 2,000 tons have arrived. He says he will try to get 6,000 tons more at Nagasaki. The department has purchased 2,500 cords of wood in Japan for the use of the troops in China. It is stated at the War Department that the supplies will not be unloaded at Take if it shall be determined to withdraw the United States forces to Manila.

Capt. Wm. H. Wilds and Wm. Russell, a negro, were run over by a train and instantly killed at Tuscaloosa, Ala. Capt. Wilds was a prominent Confederate veteran.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectual Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

LOSS OF LIFE BY THE GREAT STORM

The Governor of Texas Says It Cannot Be Less Than 12,000.

THE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

Estimated That It Will Reach $20,000,000. The Conditions in Galveston Improving—Relief Measures—Sanitary Matters—Railroads.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, September 19.—Gov. Joseph D. Sayers to-night wired the following statement to the Associated Press:

"The situation to-night in all parts of the stricken district so far as known to me is improved and will, I believe, should we have fair weather, continue to improve. The method of distributing the benefactions of these people has become systematized and has been reduced to the lowest expenses possible, and in this I have had the hearty and voluntary assistance of the railway, express, telegraph and telephone companies, all of whom have promptly and without charge transmitted supplies and messages, besides contributing to the relief of the sufferers. Galveston is being managed by its own municipal authorities, supplemented by the assistance of committees composed of the best citizens and also by the aid of Gen. Scurry.

"The loss of life occasioned by the storm in Galveston and elsewhere on the southern coast cannot be less than 12,000 lives, while the loss of property will probably aggregate $20,000,000. Notwithstanding this severe affliction, I have every confidence that the stricken districts will rapidly revive, and that Galveston will from her present desolation and sorrow arise with renewed strength and vigor."

Conditions in Galveston.

GALVESTON, TEX., Sept. 19.—Normal conditions are fast being restored in Galveston. The work of clearing the streets of debris continues unabated and all relief work is now thoroughly systematized. Several human bodies were found to day. No attempt was made to identify them and they were immediately cremated.

John Sealy, the chairman of the Finance Committee, made the following statement to-day: "An inquiry as to the funds is pertinent and the public should be informed. In the first place I am not paying out any money to any one except on the order of Wm. A. McVittie, chairman of the relief committee. What we are looking after now is the immediate relief of those in distress, such as furnishing clothes, food and the payment of the men who are working on the streets, cleaning up the debris and burning dead bodies. On the 18th inst. we began paying these $1.50 per day and furnishing supplies for their families. Men who are not working and who cannot show tickets to the effect that they have been employed, get no supplies.

"The question of judicious distribution of all funds will be taken up by the central committee and a plan worked out for the best interest and benefit of all. Each member of the committee has under consideration some suggestion and a general plan will be perfected at an early date.

"A full record of every description has been kept, which I will publish in due time in connection with the lists Gov. Sayers has received at Austin. The Governor and I think best not to publish these lists until matters are more settled. I am ready at any time the Governor advises to publish the entire list. The mayor is turning over to me all moneys he receives.

"Everything is working with perfect system, harmoniously and intelligently between the officials and the different committees. The Governor has aided us greatly with his zeal and interest in our trouble."

Small Number Wounded.

Dr. Donaldson, chief surgeon of a New York newspaper corps, says it will not be necessary for visiting surgeons to remain here for more than two or three days. He has written an article for a medical journal commenting upon the comparatively small number of seriously wounded persons by saying that most of those so wounded were drowned, but says it is surprising that more people, especially women and childen, did not become ill from such trying experiences.

The losses to the life insurance companies are estimated at $500,000. Most of those who carried old line life policies escaped. The fraternal orders will lose quite heavily.

Dead Over 5,000.

The most reliable information obtainable places the dead between 5,000 and 5,500. A census bureau was established and placed in operation to-day. A mortuary bureau has also been opened where relatives or friends are to make oath of the known death of persons lost in the storm. These bureaus will materially assist in a more accurate record of the dead.

Insurance Inspector J. G. Youens has begun to go over the city to make a detailed report of the houses destroyed. The fire insurance companies are arranging to refund a pro rata on policies on houses and furniture where they have been entirely destroyed by the hurricane and the holders thereof want them cancelled.

Dr. George H. Lee, inspector of hospitals and dispensaries, to-day made a favorable report on the sanitary condition of the city.

Estimates to Remove Debris.

At a meeting of the General Relief Committee to-day no one was found who would undertake the job of removing the city's debris on contract, as all state it would be impossible to make a definite estimate. The nearest estimate expert wreckers will make is 2,000 men, ninety days, to clear away the debris and get all of the bodies out, and that this will cost half a million dollars. The board adopted a resolution stating that it was its opinion that the best way to solve the problem of clearing away the debris was to let a contract to some one to do the work. They recommend to the General Committee that this be done.

FIGHTING THE FILIPINOS.

Americans Had Twelve Killed, Twenty-six Wounded and Five Missing.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, September 19.—In an engagement between a body of Filipinos numbering about 1,000 men and detachments of the Fifteenth and Thirty-seventh United States infantry regiments, the Americans had twelve killed, twenty-six wounded and five missing.

The Manchester *Guardian* says that at present there is not the slightest prospect of a prolonged scarcity of cotton. The paper adds: Whatever the American crop, it is certain the consumption of American cotton will be substantially reduced by the abundance of the Indian crop now approaching maturity."

FAVORABLE FOR MR. BRYAN.

Chairman Jones' Forecast of the Election in the Eastern States, West Virginia and Maryland.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Senator Jas. K. Jones left for Chicago this evening. Before he left he said: "The situation in the East is very favorable for the election of Mr. Bryan. It has improved wonderfully since I last was here. The situation in this State is excellent, so far as the election of Mr. Bryan and the State ticket is concerned. The situation in the States of Connecticut and New Jersey exceed the expectations I had before this, my last visit, and I am very hopeful that Mr. Bryan will carry these States. I am sure that he will carry West Virginia and Maryland, and I might say that Delaware can safely be placed in the Democratic column."

Senator Jones does not expect to return to this city before election day. The sub-committee will have full charge of the campaign in the East.

According to information given out at headquarters ex Secretary of State Olney will speak before the Iroquois Club of Chicago, soon, for Bryan. Judge Dunne, of Chicago, and a member of the club, returned from Europe last Saturday. On his arrival Mr. McNeal telegraphed him to await him in this city. They met and went to Boston, where an invitation was given to Mr. Olney and he accepted. The date was not named.

BOLD BANK RAIDERS.

Thirteen Thousand Dollars in Gold Taken by Three Armed Men—Desperadoes Escaped With Their Plunder.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINNEMUCCA, NEV., September 19.—The First National Bank was robbed of about $13,000 at noon to-day by three men, who entered the front door of the building and with revolvers made all present throw up their hands. There were five people in the bank at the time—Cashier Nixon, Assistant Cashier McBride, Bookkeeper Hill, Stenographer Calhoun and a horse-buyer named Johnson. The robbers threatened with instant death the first man who made a show of resistance. One robber, at the point of a pistol, made Cashier Nixon open the safe and take from it three sacks of gold coin. They threw this in an ore sack together with all the gold coin in the office drawer. The robbers then marched the five men out through a back door to an alley, where three horses were waiting. The five men were kept covered with guns until the desperadoes mounted their horses and escaped. The whole affair occurred in about five minutes. An alarm was quickly given and several shots were fired at the desperadoes as they sped through the town, but without effect. The robbers returned the shots, but no one was hit. Officers and armed citizens have started in pursuit of the robbers, who took a course up the river. A posse has also started from Gold Conda to head them off, and it is thought they cannot escape.

ODD FELLOWS IN COUNCIL.

Proceedings at Yesterday's Session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 19.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows concluded its third day's session at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon. The morning session of the body was devoted to the discussion of several matters bearing on the ritual.

There was decided interest as to the next meeting place, Buffalo and San Francisco being the candidates. This question will probably be acted on to-morrow afternoon and the indications are that the California metropolis will win.

This afternoon there was a grand parade of the uniformed bodies, headed by the local military, and which was viewed by Gov. Tyler and his staff. Later, decorations of chivalry were conferred in the capitol square in the presence of an immense crowd.

At to-day's session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, a voluminous report upon the subject of charters for grand lodges in foreign countries was submitted and adopted. It concedes greater liberty to the grand lodge of the German Empire, in the matter of qualifications of representatives in that lodge from the lodges of the German States. At the same time the Sovereign Grand Lodge insists that the means of identification shall be uniform all over the world and reserves the right to say always what those means shall be.

DR. HUNTER McGUIRE

Died at His Home Near Richmond, Va, from a Stroke of Paralysis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 19.—Dr. Hunter McGuire, who was Stonewall Jackson's medical director, died at his country house near this city this morning from the effects of a stroke of paralysis sustained six months ago. He was one of the most eminent surgeons in the South.

He was born in Winchester, Oct. 11, 1835, and received his medical education there and at Philadelphia. He headed the movement which brought from Philadelphia to Richmond some three hundred Southern medical students during the excitement incident to the John Brown raid; had filled the chair of surgery in the Medical College of Virginia, and founded the University College of Medicine here.

He was the author of several important medical works, had served in leading positions in medical and surgical organizations of the country, and was chairman of the History Committee of the Grand Camp of Virginia, Confederate Veterans.

SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS

Will Curtail Production of Yarns About Forty Per Cent.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., September 19.—The recommendation of the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association that its members curtail their production of yarns as much as possible for the next sixty days has been complied with by enough mills to bring about a reduction in the Southern output of about forty per cent. Two large mills at Maiden, N. C., have suspended altogether.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

IN THE TRANSVAAL.

Gen. Viljoen in Command of the Boer Forces—Will Endeavor to Protract the War.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SPITZ KOP, Sept. 18.—Gen. Viljoen, who succeeded Louis Botha in the supreme command of the Transvaal forces, is reported to be moving northward in the direction of Hectorspruit with 3,000 men and thirty guns. He is known as "the Firebrand" and will endeavor to protract the war.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Lord Roberts telegraphs from Nelspruit, Vaal River Colony, under date of Tuesday, Sept. 18, that the town was occupied on the previous day without opposition. He adds that he is in communication with Gen. Buller and is able to send him supplies. Lord Roberts further says that Gen. Buller reports that the bulk of his opponents now are mercenaries and Cape Colony rebels,

THE HAGUE, Sept. 19.—The Government of the Netherlands has been notified of Mr. Kruger's acceptance of its offer to place a warship at his disposal to convey him from Lorenzo Marques to Holland.

SYRUP OF FIGS
Acts Pleasantly and Promptly.
Cleanses the System Gently and Effectually when bilious or costive.
Presents in the most acceptable form the laxative principles of plants known to act most beneficially.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS
BUY THE GENUINE — MANF'D. BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
For sale by druggists – price 50¢ per bottle.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Furnished Rooms for rent at No. 8 North Fourth, between Market and Princess streets. Use of Bath Room. au tu th sep 15 3t*

Wanted—Licensed Tug Boat Engineer to work on the Santee river. Best wages. Apply to Cape Fear Lumber Co. sep 19 6t

A Four Horse Power Upright Boiler and Engine in good running order for sale cheap, or will exchange for six or eight horse Engine and Boiler, and pay a reasonable difference. Address, W. D. Rice, Rocky Mount, N. C. sep 18 1w*

For Rent—Two desirable Stores, No. 217 and 219 North Front street, with large Basement. Suitable for wholesale or retail store. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. sep 9 tf

Eggs, Chickens and nice Fruit are scarce on this market now. We would be glad to sell yours to best advantage. One hundred and fourteen acres good Land on S. A. L. Railroad for sale cheap. T. D. Love. sep 9 tf

For Sale—One easy-running Phaeton in good condition. M. A. Yarboro, 109 Market or Dock street. au 21 tf

For Sale—Buggies and Harness. Repairing of all kinds done. Call and examine goods. P. H. Hayden. au 21 tf

R. E. Lee, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Room 5 BANK Building, Lumberton, N. C. Claims attended to promptly. Practices anywhere desired. au 7 3m

For Rent—Store No. 226 North Water; now occupied by W. B. Cooper. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. jy 29 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

THE BEST MANUFACTURERS
HAVE BUYERS GO TO THEM.

The others send out Drummers to solicit trade. The moral of this is that, if you want to come in contact with the best Factories you must visit the Expositions of commercial centres. During my recent trip to the Expositions I saw the products of nearly 300 of the leading Furniture Manufacturers in the world. In making my selections I considered quality first; price second. From all of whom I bought I secured exclusive sale for this city. This was given me because I have the best class of trade and do the largest business done here, and because, to prevent cheapening their goods by competition, first class manufacturers will allow only ONE dealer in a city of this size to handle their products.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
Messenger and Dispatch copy. sep 9 tf

At the Unlucky Corner
They have opened a barrel of the Finest Bloater
Mackerel.
Simply the fattest and best Fish ever offered on this market. Come and see and your mouth will water for one.
ROYAL SALAD DRESSING.
The name tells the story.
We sell it and recommend and guarantee it
S. W. SANDERS.
sep 16 tf

Truckers' Paradise
At Chadbourn, N. C.
The undersigned offers for sale parcels of land, from Town Lots to Farms, from three to twenty-six hundred acres, SIZES AND PRICES TO SUIT any and everybody. If you want to Truck come to Chadbourn, where we have the
Best of every kind of soil.
78 acres land two miles from Chadbourn. 30 acres cleared; new house; good well; barns; berry sheds; 5 acres strawberries; clay sub-soil. Price $1,200.00.
If interested at this station, call on or address
E. A. PERRY,
my 18 tf Chadbourn, N. C.

Interest to Parents.

Now is the time to get your Children ready for School

We have lots of New Goods which will interest you.
Beautiful Percales for Shirt Waists and Dresses.
Double Width Dress Goods at 10c yard.
All Wool Dress Goods, the latest Novelties, at 25c yard.
The best 10c Stockings in the market.
School Shoes, all sizes, good wearing, the lowest prices.
Boys' School Suits all sizes, 75c and upwards.
We also carry full line of Stationery.
You can save money by making your purchases at the large Department Store.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up.
Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.
sep 16 tf

Now's the Time to Select Your Winter Suit AND OVERCOAT.

OUR LINE OF IMPORTED GOODS HAVE ARRIVED AND WILL PLEASE THE MOST FASTIDIOUS. VIENNAS, CHEVIOTS, UNFINISHED WORSTEDS AND CASSIMERES IN ALL THE LATEST SHADES. THE QUALITY OF OUR GOODS ARE WAY UP AND OUR PRICES ARE WAY DOWN. OUR LINE OF TROUSERINGS ARE THE HANDSOMEST TO BE FOUND. ALL THE LATEST FADS IN FURNISHING GOODS. A SWELL LINE OF NECKWEAR.

M. H. CURRAN,
107 PRINCESS STREET.
sep 16 tf

Look Out - Low Prices
FOR YOUR INTEREST.
Something very interesting in regard to
ON ALL GOODS THIS WEEK
AT **GAYLORD'S** BRANCH STORE,
Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets.
Don't miss this chance. It won't last long.
J. R. BOYD, Manager. Bell 'Phone 557.
sep 16 tf Open every night until 9 o'clock.

You Can Take Advantage of Us During the balance of Sept

Profit will be lost sight of. You don't need to buy unless you want to, but we know you will want to when you see the Shoes and the small prices attached to them.

Shoes that were	$5.00	go for	$3.50
" "	4.00	"	3.00
" "	3.50	"	2.75
" "	3.00	"	2.25

WE MAKE PRICES TO MAKE BUSINESS.
Bell 'Phone 565. **A. SHRIER, Men's Wear,** 34 S. E. cor. Front & Princess.
sep 15 tf

CHILDREN'S School Shoes.
Shoes made of good, honest leather, in neat and stylish shapes, at reasonable prices.
Our stock of School shoes is very extensive, and we can suit you in every particular.
Send your boy or girl to our store. We fit their feet just as carefully as if you were with them.
THE PRICES we offer this week will be INTERESTING FOR YOU.
This is the place.
LEVI McMILLAN & CO.
Bell 'Phone 605. Fourth & Campbell Sts.
sep 18 tf

The Guardian Security, Trust and Deposit Co.
OF WILMINGTON, N. C.
At close of business Sept. 5th, 1900, condensed from report to Corporation Commission.
(Began business April 2nd, 1900.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$136,401.07	Capital stock paid in	$29,375.00
Furniture and fixtures	100.00	Profits less expenses and taxes	2,258 32
Due from banks	20,633.31	Deposits	130,221.17
Cash on hand	5,050.11		
Total	$162,184.49	Total	$162,184.49

We Solicit your Savings Account and Guarantee you the Very Best Service and Absolute Security.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
sep 13 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

WILMINGTON SEA COAST R. R.
On and after Sept. 14, 1900, the schedule will be as follows:
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6 30 A. M	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and FREIGHT PREPAID. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.
sep 13 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

Maxton Building and Loan Association,
MAXTON N. C.
DIRECTORS:
J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
R. W. LIVERMORE, PATES.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.
Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER Secretary. fe 10 tf

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 5th, 1900.
The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of HOLMES & WATTERS has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
Joseph H. Watters has sold and conveyed all of his interest in the said copartnership to Gabriel Holmes, who has assumed and will pay all of the debts and liabilities of the firm.
GABRIEL HOLMES,
JOS. H. WATTERS

NOTICE.
Having bought all the interests of Joseph H. Watters in the firm and copartnership of Holmes & Watters, I hereby give notice that I will carry on the business of the old firm at their old stand on Front street, under the name and style of THE HOLMES GROCERY COMPANY.
I respectfully solicit the custom of our old patrons, and all the good people of the city and State.
sep 6 10t GABRIEL HOLMES.

FOR RENT.
OFFICE OVER ZOELLER'S JEWELRY STORE. SIZE 20 X 60.
ALSO, STORE 110 NORTH WATER STREET.
Immediate possession given.
Apply to
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
sep 8 tf

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Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C
DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 tf